WEATHER.

Fair Monday and Tuesday; moderate temperature.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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COMPLICATED AND THREATENING FOREIGN SITUATION NOW FACES THE PRESIDENT FOR SOLUTION

He Will Devote Practically All His Time to the Problem for the Next Few Weeks.

MANY QUESTIONS INVOLVED

Of Prime Importance Are the Submarine Situation and Blockade of the Allies.

POLICY CHANGE UNLIKELY

With the Campaign Over, Mr. Wilson Now Has a Free Hand.

Washington, Nov. 19. — A portentous and complicated international situation now faces President Wilson and for the next few weeks will engage his attention and that of his advisers to the practical exclusion of all but the most urgent of Democratic subjects.

In the last days of the campaign Secretary of State Lansing frequently spoke of the necessity of postponing action on the more delicate international questions, because the uncertainty of the outcome of the political contest had a direct bearing on the success or failure of some of the administration policies.

Nothing to Embarrass

From now on, the President expects to deal with all foreign questions without embarrassment and he is receiving from his advisers a summary of the outstanding issues so essential to taking stock of the basic situation which must be met, now that international relations have returned to their place of prime importance. While it is not evident that there will be any fundamental change in policy, freedom from fear that any move at all would be misinterpreted as inspired by an internal political struggle has been removed. President Wilson and Secretary Lansing feel themselves able to act with a single eye to the international and their immediate conference on the President's return to Washington indicate how pressing they feel the situation to be.

Numerous Questions

The President must decide how the United States shall meet the German submarine question on the one hand, the Entente Allied trade restrictions on the other, whether the retaliatory legislation shall be enforced, whether the traditional theory of isolation shall be abandoned for concerted neutral action, and whether the country shall have an aggressive or a passive policy toward the peace conference, the trade war after the war, and the permanent league to enforce peace which the President has accepted in theory. And, during the rest of the war, shall America's attitude be governed by a decided benevolence in the interpretation of international law according to its own best interests or shall it be strictly legalistic, regardless of whom it affects?

U-Boat Question Disquietive

Most spectacular and disquieting of the problems is the submarine situation with Germany. Five critical cases are pending, one involving a loss of six American lives, two others involving American ships. Increasingly serious is the fast growing conviction that any kind of general submarine warfare, even if complying with the inadequate rules as to giving warning and affording some measure of safety of passengers, is intolerable. Germany is known to be building submarines rapidly and there is the possibility of a starvation campaign against England. Its effects would concern all nations. The United States might find it difficult to avoid complications.

Fiat and Final Attitude

The American attitude is fiat and final. No technicalities will be admitted. Ships must not be sunk without warning or without provision for the safety of the passengers facing high seas or distance from shore. The armed ship issue undoubtedly will be advanced by Germany, but will not be accepted. Secretary Lansing forsaw it last March when, without announcing his reason, he decreed that merchant vessels could carry a small defensive gun. If that endangers submarines that is part of their weakness. The United States is anxious, as a pacific nation opposed to armament, to increase the power of submarines, recognizes their short-comings, especially in their vulnerability, if surprised and attacked.

Rests With Germany

The future of the submarine situation is felt to rest entirely with Germany. With the American attitude known, the next step must come from Berlin. Two possibilities are feared: Either that Germany will decide she can starve England by an undersea campaign or that she may endeavor to involve this country and this insure the participation in peace conference of a generous enemy inclined toward peace terms.

Beyond this, the Lusitania case re-

(Continued on Page Two.)

WOMAN IN BIPLANE SETS NEW RECORD

Miss Ruth Law, in Curtiss Machine Flies From Chicago to Hornell, N. Y., 660 Miles.

TRIP MADE WITHOUT STOP

Continuing Her Flight to Binghampton, the Aviatrix Covered About 785 Miles in Six Hours and Fifty Minutes.

Binghampton, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Attempting a non-stop flight from Chicago to New York, Miss Ruth Law, guiding a Curtiss biplane of the military scout type, shattered all American long distance aviation records for a single flight today, when she flew from Chicago to Hornell, N. Y., a distance by railroad of about 660 miles, bettering by about 100 miles the record made by Victor Carlstrom on November 2.

A delayed start and a cross wind that cut down her speed and forced her to descend to replenish the gasoline supply, were responsible for her failure to reach New York City, Miss Law said, after her arrival at Binghampton this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

Previous to today, Miss Law had never made a single flight longer than 25 miles. Her machine, a small biplane, has a spread of wings less than half that of the one Carlstrom used.

Miss Law covered a distance of about 785 miles in six hours and 50 minutes, time being deducted for the descent at Hornell. The first 662 miles, the distance by rail between Chicago and Hornell, was made without a stop.

Miss Law left Chicago at 8:25 a. m. Eastern time, after being delayed by experiments with the carbureter for an hour and a half. In the time thus lost the aviatrix might have covered the remaining distance to New York.

At the outset of her flight a strong wind blew toward the east. Aided by this, she made an average speed of 100 miles an hour at an altitude of about 6,000 feet. During the last two hundred miles, before the stop at Hornell, a sharp cross wind blew, with the result that her gasoline tank was soon emptied. She glided two miles into Hornell at 2:07 p. m.

After replenishing her supply of gasoline Miss Law flew the remaining 117 miles to Binghampton without mishap. Here darkness forced her to descend. She intends to continue to New York tomorrow morning. Her flight today was held under the auspices of the Aero Club of America.

SPECIAL SESSION IN W. VA. LEGISLATURE OPENS TODAY

Democrats Oppose Action on Governor Hatfield's Propositions

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 19.—With all members here tonight, everything is ready for the convening of the special session of the legislature at noon tomorrow to consider the ten propositions embodied by Governor Hatfield in his call. Supporters of the governor believe his plans for changes in the election laws will be carried out without delay while leaders of the Democratic minority insist nothing should be done until the newly elected legislature can act in January.

Fred L. Fox Democratic leader in the house, declared that "while there may be merit in some of the things the governor proposes, yet we feel that the people of the state want the new legislature to pass on them rather than the present legislature. The governor's proclamation is broad enough to bring most anything even to attempts to seat Judge Ira E. Robinson as governor over John J. Cornwell who has been elected governor. We believe he will go as far as he can go."

BRYAN SAYS HE IS "IN POLITICS WITH BOTH FEET"

Says he Loves his Party and Hopes for It to Be a "Dry" Democracy.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 19.—William Jennings Bryan, in addressing the National W. C. T. U. convention here today said he was not dead politically, but asserted he is "in politics with both feet."

He said he was in favor of National prohibition.

"I love my party and because of my love for it hope and feel that it will be a 'dry' democracy," said Mr. Bryan. He said further that in spite of his desire to see national prohibition come through Democratic influence, his prayers for a saloonless nation extended beyond party lines and that he would not necessarily await the triumph of the prohibition cause through the Democratic party, but would welcome a dry nation through the Republican party. He also asserted the trend of circumstances of the last few years were such that he was hopeful of a constitutional amendment as soon as 1920.

The convention sermon was delivered in the afternoon by Mrs. Stella B. Irvine, of Riverside, Cal.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 19—No change was noted tonight in the condition of Mrs. Inez Milholland Boissevain, suffrage leader of New York, who has been serious ill for the last month.

WAS THE STEAMER ARABIA WAS ARMED

According to Overseas News Agency, the Vessel Was Being Used As a Transport

CARRYING WAR MATERIALS

Also Had Hundreds of Workmen Aboard Being Taken to France and Was Sailing Under Convoy, Says News Agency.

Berlin, via wireless, Nov. 19.—The British steamship Arabia, sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean on November 6, carried a 15-centimetre gun and was being used to transport hundreds of workmen and war materials to France, according to the Overseas News Agency.

"If the English government admitted passengers on board an armed transport steamer, the lives of non-combatants were frivolously risked, as in former cases," the agency adds. Dealing with the case, it says:

"The German admiralty on November 15 reported that a German submarine 80 miles west of Malta, sank a 12,000-ton hostile transport sailing under convoy. The British admiralty declares this report to be incorrect since no transport but the liner Arabia was sunk without warning by a German submarine November 6 at a point 300 miles east of Malta.

"This is an evident attempt to mislead public opinion for the following reasons:

"As reported by the German admiralty November 15 a German submarine on November 5 sank a 12,000-ton transport, 80 miles west of Malta. The transport Arabia likewise was sunk by a submarine November 6, three hundred miles east of Malta. The transport Arabia carried a 15-centimetre gun and was transporting hundreds of workmen and war materials to France. If the English government admitted passengers on board an armed transport steamer the lives of non-combatants were frivolously risked, as in former cases."

NOT A CHILD UNDER FIVE YEARS IN PARTS OF POLAND

In Certain Sections All Babies Have Died from Lack of Nourishment.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 19.—Not a child under the age of 5 years can be found in large areas of Poland, according to a report presented to the People's Relief Committee for Jewish war sufferers, which opened its national convention here today. The report read by Morris Rothernberg, of New York, in behalf of the joint distribution committee, said that in certain sections of Poland all babies had died from lack of nourishment. In the city of Vilna alone 7,000 children are reported to be facing the bitter cold of a Russian winter, without shoes.

Up to date, according to Mr. Rothernberg, approximately $6,000,000 has been contributed by the Jews of America for the war victims. Of this amount $2,050 has been distributed in Russia; $1,654,500 in German Poland, and $1,195,000 in Austria-Hungary.

RESENTS CRITICISMS OF THE PANAMA CANAL

Goethals Declares Earth-Movements Will be Overcome.

Says Published Charges by Various Persons Have Seriously Affected the Commercial Rating of the Big Waterway.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—Sharp language is employed by Major General George W. Goethals, governor of the Panama Canal Zone, in replying to published criticisms of the big waterway which he charges have seriously affected its commercial rating. In his annual report, made public by the War Department, the governor declares that the earth movements which have frequently interrupted traffic through the canal finally will be overcome for all time.

General Goethals goes into a lengthy review of the geological problems which have been encountered, of the steps taken to overcome such obstacles and the measure of success obtained. So far as the Culebra cut is concerned, he said, "the worst is over, the intervals between the movements are becoming greater and the quantities of material less."

The report replies to the published statements of Professor Benjamin Le Roy Miller, of Lehigh University, and former Senator Thomas Kearns, of

(Continued on Page Two.)

RUMOR OF A PEACE PLAN IN AUSTRIA

Vienna Learns President Wilson Intends Taking Concrete Action to End the War.

SUCH IS REGARDED FUTILE

While Central Powers Would Consider Peace Terms it is Regarded That Entente Attitude Would Block the Plan.

Vienna, Nov. 17, (via London, Nov. 19.)—Interest in the announcement received in Vienna that President Wilson intends taking concrete action in behalf of peace, continues unabated though in many Austrian circles the view is held that the attitude of the Entente Powers will render Mr. Wilson's good offices futile.

It is argued in government circles and in the press that so long as the Entente nations adhere to the programme recently reiterated by Premier Asquith and Viscount Grey, there is really no occasion for Austria-Hungary to show great interest in the proposed action as the Entente government officials asserted that the war objectives were not discussable.

With the Entente willing to discuss peace on terms of the reestablishment of pre-war conditions, so modified as to take into account the Central Powers' interests that have suffered, Austria-Hungary's attitude might be expected to change. While President Wilson's good intentions are not in the least doubted, and while his offer might gladly be accepted, it is pointed out that the Entente Powers would gain undue and unjustified encouragement if Austria-Hungary were to pit its own modest claims against those of the Entente still seeking the dual monarchy's dismemberment.

There is no doubt in the minds of Austrians in a position to know that the Central Powers are ready for negotiations, but they hold that the present attitude of the Entente makes impossible a conference such as is understood here to have been proposed by President Wilson.

IS UNDERSTOOD PRESIDENT HAS NO SUCH PLAN IN VIEW

Washington, Nov. 18.—It is assumed in official circles here that Austrian discussion of the prospect of a move in behalf of peace by President Wilson is based upon some unfounded rumor reaching Vienna, or upon a misinterpretation of one of the President's speeches during the campaign advocating a world league for peace to make another such war as that now raging in Europe impossible.

The President, it is understood, has not changed his opinion that any action by him would be ill-timed and futile until the belligerent nations had indicated that it would be welcome, and it is authoritatively stated that no immediate step is in contemplation.

BROTHERHOOD CHIEFS TO ADDRESS LABOR CONVENTION

Three Resolutions Favoring Universal 8-Hour Law Being Considered.

Baltimore, Nov. 19.—Interest in the convention of the American Federation of Labor which begins its second week here tomorrow, centers in the visit of the heads of the four railroad brotherhoods, who are expected to address the delegates within the next two days on the question of the 8-hour law. Three resolutions in favor of a universal 8-hour law are under consideration in committee, and one of them, it is believed, will be favorably reported.

It is understood the resolutions committee tomorrow will report favorably a resolution instructing the Federation executive council to take such steps as may be necessary to obtain action by United States authorities "to the end that the printing industry may be rescued from the clutches of the conspiracies which are successfully manipulating the prices and supplies of paper used in printing."

Another resolution, dealing with the labor problem, after the war, sets forth that in all warring countries, the places of men have been largely filled "with enormous numbers of under paid women, unorganized and voteless. It is foreseen that at the close of the war there will be "grave danger that these exploited women will be used to lower the wages of men as well, and everywhere."

As a preventive, it is suggested that when the peace treaty is adopted, international agreements be entered into that wages paid for definite work men absolutely independent of the sex of the worker.

Y. M. C. A. UNSURPASSED IN WORK OF CHARACTER BUILDING

Secretary Daniels Addresses Audience of Men at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 19. — "The strength of a nation is found in the character of its young manhood and the Y. M. C. A. is unsurpassed by any other institution in the work of character building," declared Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, to an audience of men this afternoon that packed the Academy of Music.

Referring to the navy, he asserted that "the youth of the enlisted men is responsible for the strength and vigor of the American navy today." This aroused enthusiasm among the enlisted men present.

After the meeting Mr. Daniels said he would make a final inspection of the sites offered the Navy Department for an aviation station and school on his visit to Norfolk in December.

Secretary Daniels, Mrs. Daniels and party left for Washington tonight on the U. S. S. Dolphin.

WILSON APPROVES MR. LANE'S COURSE

Returns to Atlantic City Today, Intent Upon Early End to Joint Commission Sessions.

HOPES FOR AN AGREEMENT

However, Unless Mexican Members Show Harmony the Conference Will Close Regardless of Decision Being Reached.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Armed with President Wilson's complete approval of his course, Secretary Lane will return to Atlantic City tomorrow determined to bring the session of the American-Mexican joint commission to an early conclusion. He is still hopeful that an agreement as to the border situation can be reached; but it was clearly indicated today in official circles that the joint conference is entering on its final phase, agreement or no agreement. If the commissioners find it impossible to formulate a plan the view taken here will be that the prospect of settling border disputes through diplomacy will be remote. Secretary Lane is understood to have found President Wilson, Secretary Lansing and Secretary Baker in full accord with him on every point when he laid before them last night in a three-hour conference at the White House a review of the efforts the American commissioners had made to reach a settlement.

It is an open secret that Luis Cabrera, Carranza minister of finance and president of the Mexican commission, has proved a stumbling block in the way of reaching an agreement. Commissioners Bonillas and Pani, it is said have been ready to approve several different suggestions for co-operative action. Cabrera, however, held out for control of any joint operations by a Mexican military commander, a concession the American commissioners did not feel warranted in making.

It is believed here that the American commissioners have now abandoned the effort to frame an agreement satisfactory to the Mexicans in every detail and will renew tomorrow their original suggestion; that each government patrol its own side of the line independently, but with the understanding that American troops will pursue into Mexico on a hot trail any bandits who attack border towns. Coupled with that suggestion, presumably was the statement that Gentral Pershing's forces would be withdrawn gradually from Mexico and that no large force would be sent across the line again unless the defacto government permitted raiders to assemble in such force in Mexico that a strong expedition was necessary to prevent a serious attack.

Army officers believe that the American expeditionary force soon will be moving toward the border, regardless of the turn events may take at Atlantic City. In its present position, many officers hold the expedition will be of no strategic value should general hostilities break out, while the long line of communication with the advance bases is a constant source of danger and more or less vulnerable at several points.

CALIFORNIA VOTE UNCHANGED.

Returns From 42 of the 58 Counties Officially Canvassed.

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 19. — Returns from 42 of California's 58 counties had been officially canvassed today by the secretary of state without departure from the unofficial tabulations of the same district.

FOOD CONTROL SCHEME POPULAR IN ENGLAND

Virtually the Entire British Press Welcomes It.

One Troublesome Feature is How to Equalize Matters Between Rich and Poor—May Limit Restaurant Meals.

London, Nov. 19. — No other government action in Great Britain during the war has commanded such immediate and almost unanimous support as the decision to control supplies and prices. Virtually the entire press welcomes the scheme. Almost the only criticism expressed is that the authorities should have taken charge of the nation's food supply long ago, although the rationing of the population on the German system appears as yet improbable.

One of the troublesome features of the situation is how to equalize matters between the rich and the poor. On the theory of "equality of sacrifice for all," which is a popular war watchword, the newspapers are making a sensation of luxurious menus in fashionable restaurants and homes.

The limitation of restaurant meals to three courses is to be discussed by the conference of Walter Runciman, president of the board of trade, with hotels and restaurant managers on Wednesday.

To the casual observer there are no signs of food shortage. It still is pos-

(Continued on Page Two).

MONASTIR, EVACUATED BY TEUTONS, SEIZED BY FRANCO-SERBIANS

WRECK IN MEXICO KILLS 159 PEOPLE

Passengers Literally Ground to Pieces When Cars Jumped the Track Near Jalapa.

OCCURRED ON NOVEMBER 12

Report Reaching Border Stated No Americans Were Among the Dead—Cause Attributed Fast Running On Bad Track.

Laredo, Texas, Nov. 19.—One hundred and fifty-nine persons were killed and many more or less seriously injured in a railroad wreck on the Inter-Oceanic Line to Vera Cruz, between Dehesa and Saa Miguel near Jalapa, on November 12, according to reliable reports received here tonight. The wreck is said to have been due to the engineer running at too high a rate of speed over a dangerous part of the road.

According to this information all but one of the five cars of the train left the track and rolled over a cliff. The passengers were literally ground to pieces. No Americans were among the dead, it was said.

AMERICAN KILLED BY VILLA AT JIMINEZ, REFUGEES STATE

El Paso, Nov. 19. — An unidentified American was killed when a Villa band took Jiminez and four Americans were seen under a guard of bandits at Parral during Villa's occupation of that town, according to reports believed by Federal agents to be authentic, brought to the border by refugees.

Refugees further state that the district between Parral and Jiminez has been cleared by Villa's followers of more than 200 Chinese. The American killed at Jiminez was described as about 60 years old, and known to be from Torreon, on his way to Chihuahua City. He was murdered, said the refugees, in the Jiminez hotel, and his body lay for some time in front of the building when after being robbed of clothing and valuables, it was placed on a bonfire.

The same refugees say that two Mexican women who had married Chinese and their five half-caste children were found and thrown alive into the fire in sight of the crowd. The bodies of seven Chinese, according to the same authority, were seen in the streets of the town.

Two Mexicans who escaped from Parral affirm that they saw four Americans there under a Villa guard. They said these men had lived in the town, adding that they heard the Americans working at Alvaro mines got away.

Another report brought to the border was that the bodies of 35 Gypsies of both sexes were seen on the roadside near Parral, murdered and robbed by Villa bandits.

All foreigners that Villa has caught except the Japanese and Germans have been put to death, the reports agree, and even the Germans are said to have suffered at least in the instance of Theodore Hoemuller, of Parral. Various reports of Hoemuller's death have been received here during the last week.

The Chinese are called the heaviest sufferers. The fact that none are to be seen in the district in which they formerly did a large mercantile business, is taken by the refugees as proof that all, numbering over 200, met the fate of the Chinese caught at Parral and Jiminez.

TREVINO'S VANGUARD COMES IN CONTACT WITH VILLISTAS

Chihuahua City, Nov. 19.—The vanguard of infantry commanded by General Ozuna, which left here for the south, came into contact with a Villa band near Santa Rosalia and captured several prisoners after a skirmish, according to an official dispatch received here today. The departure of General Trevino for the field has been delayed for military reasons, it is said here.

AMERICANS LEFT PARRAL ON GEN. HERRERA'S ADVICE

Chihuahua City, Mex., Nov. 19.—According to a report received here the Americans in the Parral district left that place on the advice of General Luis Herrera two days before the evacuation of the town by the Carranza garrison. The American are said to have left for the mountains.

From a source believed to be reliable it is learned that Edgar Koch, a German subject whose fate has caused anxiety to his friends, arrived in Santa Rosalia from Parral October 26, with 57 bars of silver. Both Koch and his silver fell into the hands of the bandit leader, Julio Acosta, when the town was seized the following day. Koch, however, was set free after being robbed, the report says. At the end of four days, he is said to have left for Jimenez in the company of two Mexicans. Nothing further had been heard here regarding him.

Vienna, via London, Nov. 19.—Count Adam Tarnowsky Von Tarnow, the new Austro-Hungarian ambassador to the United States, will sail for America December 16 with a retinue of ten persons. The countess will be among those accompanying the ambassador.

Railway Line Between the City and Saloniki is Now in the Hands of the Allies.

TO BE MADE SERB CAPITAL

Austro-Germans Continue to Make Progress All Along the Transylvanian Front.

BRITISH GAIN IN FRANCE

Despite Bad Weather, They Take Nearly 800 More Prisoners.

After having been for months men without a country, the Serbians are again to establish their capital on native soil. Monastir, in southern Serbia, for which the Entente forces have been struggling, since the advance from their base at Saloniki begun, has been evacuated by the German and Bulgarian forces and occupied by the French and a considerable number of Serbs.

Teutons Forced to Withdraw

The French and Serbians having captured the crest of hills partly surrounding the valley town, the Germans found their position untenable and withdrew, according to Berlin, to a new position to the north of Monastir. Unofficial advices from Saloniki say that a temporary capital of Serbia will be immediately established at Monastir. With the re-occupation of the city, the railway line from the Entente Allied base at Saloniki now is in Entente hands.

To the east and southeast of Monastir, the French and Serbian troops continue to make gains in the Cerna river region against the Teutonic allies, having captured several other towns in this region.

Austro-German Gain

On the Transylvanian front, the Austro-German armies at almost all points continue to make progress against the Russian and Rumanian forces or to hold them back without gains when they attack. The latest reports from Berlin say the Teutonic allies have forced the narrow mountain passes leading to the Wallachian plain of Rumania and on the Danube front near the Junction of Hungary, Serbia and Rumania, have reached the Orsova-Craiova railroad. Bucharest reports a Rumanian advance in the region of Dragoslavele.

From November 1 to November 13 the Austro-Germans are said to have made prisoners of 189 officers and 19,338 men and to have captured 26 guns, 72 machines and 17 ammunition cars.

Lively infantry and artillery actions are taking place in the Dobrudja region near Silistria, on the Eastern bank of the Danube about 40 miles southwest of the Tchernavoda-Constanza railway.

Bad Weather in France

Bad weather is hampering the operations on the western front in France, but the British nevertheless have taken 20 additional German officers and 752 men prisoner in the Ancre sector, making their total of prisoners since the 13th of November 6,962. Berlin says that in Saturday's fighting, which was over a front of seven and a half miles, the British met with a sanguinary reverse except for insignificant gains southwest of Serre and near Grand court. A French attack south of Sailley-Saillisel met with a similar repulse.

Attacks by the Austrians in the Aidge valley and upper But regions in the latter of which the Austrians and Italians fought hand to hand the Italians were victorious, according to the Roma war office.

TEUTONS FALL BACK TO THE NORTH OF MONASTIR

Berlin, Nov. 19. (via Sayville).—Monastir has been abandoned by the German and Bulgarian forces, says the official statement issued at the German army headquarters today. The Teutons and Bulgars, it is announced, took positions to the north of the southern Serbian town after the forces of the Entente Allies stormed height 1,212 to the northeast of Chegel. The text of the statement reads:

"Macedonia front: After the enemy had succeeded in making progress on height 1,212, northeast of Chegel, the German and Bulgarian troops took up a position north of Monastir. Monastir thus was abandoned."

MONASTIR TO BE MADE SERB CAPITAL TEMPORARILY

Saloniki, to Athens, via London, Nov. 19.—The temporary capital of Serbia will be immediately established at Monastir. Considerable forces of Serbians are with the Entente allied troops who have occupied that town.

MUCH DAMAGE BY TIDAL WAVE OFF FRENCH COAST

Paris, Nov. 19.—Extraordinary weather conditions prevailing in France in the 48 hours culminated yesterday in a tidal wave in the Gulf of Marseilles, on the Mediterranean coast, in which many vessels foundered and disastrous

(Continue on Page Eight).

IN THE REALM OF SPORTS

Eastern Elevens Cast Form Aside

THE 1916 SEASON IS BEING BROUGHT TO A CLOSE WITH THE GRIDIRON SITUATION BADLY COMPLICATED.

New York, Nov. 19. — Eastern football teams threw form to the winds in several games Saturday with the result that the closing days of the season find the gridiron situation badly complicated. Princeton, with the best eleven that has represented the Orange and Black in several years, fell a comparatively easy victim to Yale, partly because of her own errors of omission and commission. Harvard, with a second string combination opposing Brown's gridiron machine, was overwhelmed by the Providence players.

Dartmouth was held to a tie by West Virginia and the army had difficulty in defeating Springfield.

In the Yale-Princeton game the Tigers, with a veteran team, were routed by an eleven that has played erratically all season. Without detracting from the efforts of the Blue, it can be said that Princeton was as much responsible for its own defeat as was its successful rival.

Yale played hard but ragged football and the one outstanding feature of the Elis' game was the alertness of the New Haven players and their ability to take advantage of an opening when the opportunity presented. Given the ball by their opponents twice on the 20-yard line, Yale was enabled quickly to convert the errors into scores, but at no other time was it able seriously to threaten the Princeton goal line. The Tigers showed an excellent defense, but were woefully weak in offensive play.

Yale's plays, however, proved that much remains to be accomplished in the coming week if it is to repeat a victory over Harvard and unless the Blue can develop a better defense and a more even and consistent attack, Harvard will be a logical favorite when the teams meet in the Yale bowl next Saturday.

So far as it has any bearing on the coming contest with Yale, the defeat of Harvard by Brown must be cast aside since only two of the players who faced Princeton opened the contest against the Providence eleven.

That the Crimson 'varsity might have been defeated by the splendid Brown machine is possible, but certainly the score would have been far less one-sided.

Colgate decisively defeated Syracuse, with a charging and steady attack that even the heavy Orange forwards could not repel. Pennsylvania was victorious over Michigan, although the Wolverines kept the outcome in doubt until the final minute of play.

Both the Army and Navy teams which meet in their annual battle next Saturday, closed their preliminary season with victories, but the Cadets again showed signs of the slump that has marred their recent work, while the Middies faced such a weak opponent that no line on their supposed improvement can be gained. The same can be said in a general way of Cornell's victory over the Massachusetts Aggies.

Dartmouth struck an unexpected snag in West Virginia, the Southerners holding the Hanover eleven to a tie score, while Pittsburg, though victorious, found a worthy foe in Carnegie Tech.

VIRGINIA-CAROLINA GAME IN 1917 AT CHAPEL HILL

Chapel Hill, Nov. 19. — Virginia and North Carolina will meet one another on the gridiron in Chapel Hill for the first time on Thanksgiving Day, 1917. This formal announcement came yesterday from the office of graduate manager, C. T. Woolen. For long it has been the hope of Carolina and Carolina supporters to see this important game on home soil, but next year this hope will be realized. According to the recently perfected scheme between the two schools, the game will alternate now between Chapel Hill and Charlottesville. It comes to Chapel Hill first.

This arrangement is a consummation of the desire on the part of both universities to have the game accessible to the student bodies of the two institutions, and especially to lay stress on the athletic side of the contest, rather than the financial side. Until this year that policy has not been feasible, and Richmond has been held to as the best neutral ground available, and the most profitable.

The game now will be placed upon a new basis. It will undoubtedly give an impetus to athletics in both institutions. Carolina played Virginia first in football in 1892. Since then the game on Thanksgiving has been an annual affair. Every year but four or five, it has been played in Richmond. Three years it went to Norfolk. Not once before has it been in North Carolina. In addition to the Virginia game, the authorities here will bring one more big game to the Hill next year—a team of Vanderbilt's or Georgia's calibre.

Though the new stadium seats only 2,500, additional seating arrangements can readily be made.

WASHINGTON AMERICANS MAY DO TRAINING AT NEW BERN

New Bern, N. C., Nov. 19. — There is a strong probability that the Washington, D. C., baseball team may come to New Bern to do their spring training and the Chamber of Commerce is now doing everything within its power to bring this team here for this purpose.

In a letter received today from Mr. Clark Griffith, the manager of the team, to Mr. Robert Ramspeck, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Griffith states that he has not definitely decided where he will carry the team during the coming Spring, but he is considering New Bern.

The local citizens have assured Mr. Ramspeck that they will do everything possible for this team, if they will come here to do their training, and every inducement is being offered them.

Knoxville, Ten., Nov. 19. —George W. Denny for years managing editor of the Knoxville Journal and Tribune, and correspondent of The Associated Press, died this afternoon following an illness of two weeks.

Southern Honors May Be Disputed

TENNESSEE AND GEORGIA TECH EMERGED SATURDAY THE ONLY TWO UNDEFEATED TEAMS IN SOUTH

Atlanta, November 19.—Tennessee and Georgia Tech emerged from Saturday's play on Southern gridirons the only undefeated teams in the Southern conference, and as these elevens are not scheduled to meet this year the close of the season may find the championship title in dispute. The situation is further complicated by the fact that Washington and Lee has not lost to a Southern team this year, though they fell before the Washington and Jefferson Aggregation from Pennsylvania yesterday.

Georgia Tech faces one more crucial game this season, that with Auburn on Thanksgiving Day, but the Tennessee schedule yet to be played is comparatively easy. Vanderbilt's defeat of Auburn yesterday and the sound trouncing administered by Georgia Tech was the double surprise in the South. Virginia defeated V. M. I. about as expected by the followers of the game.

Forward passing and kicking was followed extensively in yesterday's play. Tennessee's first score in its victory over Sewanee was a field goal kicked by A. Hatcher and their two subsequent touchdowns resulted from intercepted forward passes. Field goals by Schwill, of Mississippi A. & M., against Kentucky State and by Baker, of Florida, against Indiana prevented their teams from being shut out. Cody captured a blocked kick in the Auburn battle and scored Vanderbilt's first touchdown. Yesterday was the first time this season Curry, Vanderbilt quarterback, has failed to score a touchdown in any game he has entered. He was retired on account of an injured ankle, but not before he had reeled off a 55-yard run.

Georgia Tech has not met defeat in two seasons and Georgia yesterday was totally unable to stop Strupper, Spence, Morrison and Johnston, who frequently reeled off runs of from 10 to 40 yards. Tech's ends and tackles smothered almost every effort made by J. Reynolds and Neville, the Crackers' fast backs.

Tennessee gained three times as much ground on straight plays as did Sewanee and their ends held the tiger backfield almost powerless on the offensive. Wortham, Sewanee's quarter, maintained his reputation as a broken field runner by returning a punt for more than fifty yards but the Tennessee line was impregnable.

Tulane's overwhelming victory over Alabama was rather unexpected. Florida, the only Southern eleven playing outside home territory, although losing, gave Indiana a hard struggle. Louisiana State easily disposed of Mississippi University, while Kentucky State trounced Mississippi A. & M.

Two State championships were settled during the last week, Citadel on Thursday defeating Clemson 3 to 0 for the championship of South Carolina and Georgia Tech winning the Georgia title by defeating Georgia.

COMPLICATED AND THREATENING SITUATION NOW FACES PRESIDENT

(Continued from Page One.)

mains unsettled, Germany has admitted liability and offered indemnity But the delicate matter of its amount has not been settled. Attempts made to close the issue have been repeatedly blocked by unexpected new U-boat complications.

The ravages of the U-53 off New England were displeasing to the government, but the incident was viewed as isolated. It was said that continuance of the practice would not be permitted, as it would constitute a practical blockade of American harbors.

Clear Out Case With Allies

Relations with the Entente Allies are less clear cut, less dangerous but perhaps more nagging. Sea power has enabled them through the blockade, the rationing of Holland and all Scandinavia, the prohibition of imports into this country except under guarantee, the seizure and censorship of mails, and the imposition of the blacklist, virtually to destroy all foreign trade hostile to them and divert all American commerce to their own sues. Constant belligerent encroachments on neutral rights have led President Wilson to say that neutrality is "intolerable". War has become so world-wide, so unlimited as to national boundaries, that it is no longer the hostile army, but the hostile state, men women and children, with its outposts all over the world that is involved.

Blockade Illegal

First and oldest of the Entente Allied restrictions is the blockade, which our government has declared illegal because it is both ineffective and discriminatory in favor of Norway and Sweden in that it does not blockade the Baltic and because it attempts to blockade neutral ports contiguous to Germany to which British goods are allowed to go. The case dates back to March 11th, 1915, and the last note was the British refusal of April 24 last.

The rationing of Holland, Norway, Sweden and Denmark has been bitterly condemned in the blockade notes, where it has been held to be an absolutely unwarrantable interference with neutral trade directly between the neptral countries.

England invokes the doctrine of continuous voyage and allows only enough supplies to enter these neutral countries to meet their minimum needs despite the fact that goods imported to a neutral country, becomes part of its capital stock subject to re-exportation if desired.

Censorship of Mails.

A not less "lawless practice" has been the Entente allied censorship of mails which has been called "vexatiously inquisitorial." Here again is an absolute conflict between neutral and belligerent rights. Neutrals have the right of inviolability of genuine correspondence; belligerents have the right to search mails for contraband. Obviously mails cannot be searched and inviolate at the same time. A reply is due from this government to the British and French note of October 15, which itself was over four months delayed.

The British refusal of the American attitude as to the blacklist, which was called an "arbitrary interference with neutral trade," has just come and will require answer. The British claim it is merely municipal legislation to prevent their own subjects from dealing with firms aiding the enemy, even in neutral countries. The United States holds that in effect this is extending British control over into American affairs.

Prohibition of importation of raw materials from the British dominions into this country, except under guarantee that they will not reach German firms, is another galling restriction, not so much because the right of embargo is disputed, as that in its administration the British embassy here decides finally what firms shall and what firms shall not be favored. This gives a control over American industries and a knowledge of American trade secrets that is resented.

Retaliatory Legislation.

To meet these trade restrictions is the retaliatory legislation passed at the eleventh hour by Congress. Intensive study is being given it, though no announcement of its application has been made. It may be applied to all cases or to only certain specific cases and may be invoked whenever the President desires. It can reach all the points over issue above.

Beyond the war, the President must decide America's attitude toward the peace conference. Will a place be demanded against the express desires of the Entente? Undoubtedly American interests will be involved, notably in China and the Pacific Island taken from Germany, and also in the effort to secure a basis for a lasting peace and in the necessary re-writing of international law.

The Trade War.

The trade-war-after-the-war offers most tangled problems. Great doubt is felt that it can go through because it is admittedly uneconomic and unreasoning in that the Entente allied nations are competitive rather than coordinate, and free commercial intercourse will be essential to all. Nevertheless, its approval by the Paris conference and its increasing agitation abroad makes preparation against it necessary. The Webb bill, now before Congress, to permit co-operation among exporters will be one of the first steps urged.

Most vital of all, perhaps, is President Wilson's advocacy of a league of nations to guarantee against another war. Admittedly this destroys American isolation and commits the Nation to active interest in and co-operation with other countries. The British, French and German foreign secretaries have endorsed the plan in theory; what remains for this country is to work it out in practice.

Many Other Problems

Many other more local problems press for solution. Mexico is in a very serious plight. Officials are beginning to despair of Carranza, yet no alternative is seen. The Nicaraguan treaty is being bitterly protested by the other Central American nations and offers a possible source of trouble. Conditions there and in San Domingo and Haiti are unsettled. Also the treaty for the purchase of the Danish West Indies for $25,000,000 is still unratified by Denmark.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS ALSO TO BE SENT TO REGULARS

Red Cross Chapters Throughout Country Asked for Co-operation.

Washington, Nov. 19. — A nation-wide collection of Christmas boxes for the 50,000 regular soldiers in Mexico and along the border was announced by Red Cross headquarters here today in letters to all its 350 chapters in the United States. This is planned as a national testimonial of gratitude for the work done during last year by the regulars, who do not have the attention National Guardsmen get from folks at home.

General Pershing, who was asked by the Red Cross to indicate just how the country could show its gratitude, replied as follows:

"Many thanks for kind offer to contribute Christmas boxes to troops this command. Men now well supplied with necessaries, but think pipes, packages tobacco, cigarette papers, cigarettes, match boxes, pocket knives, small cans jam, stick candies, writing materials, light novels and handkerchiefs would be suitable."

Each Red Cross chapter is asked to form a "Soldiers' Christmas gift committee," to assemble contributions in their sections and send them in care of the commanding officers of the punitive force, Columbus, N. M., not later than December 10, and at special express rates of two-thirds the regular amount.

OFFENSIVE SPIRIT OF THE GERMANS IS STILL ALIVE

They Dispute Every Inch of Ground Gained by Enemy.

Berlin, Nov. 19 (via Sayville). — "The German reconquest of the northern edge of St. Pierre, Vaast wood," says the military critic of the Overseas News Agency, "proves that the offensive spirit of the German troops is alive, notwithstanding that the battle has been raging for months. German troops dispute with the attacking enemy every inch of terran gained by him.

"The attack on St. Pierre-Vaast wood November 15 was begun in the morning hours by an unnoticeable rectifying fire which was followed by several hours of demolishing fire. The few trees still erect were crushed and the soil again was turned upside down by the application of heaviest calibre shells.

"After German aviators during pauses in the bombardment had asserted the excellent effect of the artillery the attack was launched at 7:30 in the evening. In a few minutes the columns had reached the completely destroyed French trenches and shelters.

"After a stubborn resistance the surviving French inmates surrendered. Eight officers and 324 men were brought in. The rest of the occupants were dead or wounded in the ruins of the trenches.

"Among the dead in the trenches could be seen eight officers, three of them captains. The dead included colored French troops from Algiers, and even natives of Martinique."

IS ALMOST CERTAIN THERE WILL BE NO INAUGURAL BALL

President's Inauguration Probably Will Be a Simple Affair.

Washington, Nov. 19.—President Wilson's second inauguration probably will be a comparatively simple affair. He is known to desire a little ceremony.

It is accepted as certain by the officials that there will be no inaugural ball in spite of the hope of Washington citizens for such an event.

The recent death o fthe President's sister, Mrs. Anne Howe, the fact that March 4 falls on Sunday next year and the prospect that the European war will still be in progress next March are given as reasons why the next inaugural exercises will be as simple as possible.

REV. J. H. LUMBA CAN EAT CABBAGE AFTER FIVE YEARS

Another Well Known North Carolina Preacher Tells Why He's For Tanlac. Weighs 188 and Is Making Up For Lost Time in Eating.

The Rev. J. H. Lumba, of Castalia, is another well known preacher of North Carolina to endorse Tanlac. He says:—

"I suffered from indigestion and catarrh of the stomach and bowels for 12 years. During the past five years I could eat no meats, cabbage or potatoes. If I did eat any of them I would be filled with gas and have hard pains in my stomach.

"My symptoms were a dull pain in the region of my stomach, choking of the throat and sharp pains at heart. Sometimes when I ate even the smallest amount of food I would suffer from bloating of the stomach.

"I saw Tanlac recommended and found when I had taken about one-half bottle that my food did agree with me. All bloating, swelling and gas and pains were leaving me. I am O. K. I can eat anything I wish, and it does not trouble me.

"I take Tanlac in tablespoonful doses three times a day, and take the Tanlac Laxative Tablets every third day, and suffer no more from constipation. There are no more bad effects."

The Rev. Lumba, who is 58 years old and weighs 188 pounds, concludes: "I am making up for lost time in eating now."

Genuine Tanlac is sold in Wilmington, exclusively at the Bellamy Drug Store, where its merits are explained daily to health seekers; Acme, Acme Store Co.; Burgaw, C. L. Halstead; Southport, Watson's Pharmacy; Rocky Point, A. N. Rhodes; Supply, G. W. Kirby; New Bern, Bradham Drug Co.; Magnolia, W. L. Southall; Faison, Faison Drug Co.; Pembroke, G. W. Locklear; Snow Hill, J. T. H. Harper; Vineland, R. B. McRoy & Co.; Whiteville, J. A. McNeill & Son; Verona, G. W. Humphrey. Each town has its Tanlac dealer.—ady.

TOTAL DAMAGES ASKED OF DEUTSCHLAND NOW $187,000

New London, Conn., Nov. 19.—Repairs to the German submarine Deutschland, which was damaged when she sank a tug convoying her last Friday, will be completed within a few days, it was stated tonight. The craft is expected to start her second howeward voyage the latter part of the week.

Another suit for damages, making five in all, will be started tomorrow. The latest action, which is for $25,000, will be brought by the family of Edward Jackson, fireman of the tug, who was one of the five men drowned when the submarine ran the vessel down. The total damages asked is $187,000.

RESENTS CRITICISMS OF THE PANAMA CANAL

(Continued from Page One.)

Utah. The charges made in each case, from the Atlantic to the Pacific and General Goethals brands as "erroneous, unwarranted and unfair." It is shown in the report that during a part of the fiscal year 1916 during which the canal was opened, 411 vessels passed 376 in the othe rdirection. Of all these, only 91 were engage din the American coast-wise trade.

The total cargo tonnage handled was 3,140,046 as against 4,969,792 the preceding year, although the waterway was in operation for only five months last year. Commenting upon the reduction in coastwise traffic shown, however, the report says it was due principally to the scarcity of ships for foreign trade which drew American coasting vessels into that service.

Difficulties of the present system of levying tolls are recited and General Goethals again recommends that legislation be sought making the earning capacity of a ship the basis upon which charges should be computed. He points out that $2,399,880 were collected in tolls during 1916. Had the so-called Panama Canal rules applied in measuring ships, he adds, this sum would have been increased by approximately $400,000.

FOOD CONTROL SCHEME POPULAR IN ENGLAND

(Continued from Page One.)

sible to get a good dinner or lunch in London cheaper than it could be obtained in New York before the war. A course dinner at a good hotel costs five or six shillings. The poorer housekeepers who buy in small quantities feel the pinch, since general retail prices average nearly 70 per cent. higher.

In the meantime "the workman's beer" remains almost sacred. Notice has been given by a small group of members of the House of Commons that they will press for prohibition of the manufacture of alcoholic beverages, but this has excited no popular response.

Prohibition proposals are very few. One argument constantly raised against drink restriction in Great Britain is that "if the fanatics have their way a fight will be necessary after the war for the people to regain their liberties."

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

FOR SALE
1000 bushels Rust Proof Seed Oats
2000 bushels Burt Seed Oats.
400 bags Coffee, all grades.
1500 barrels Fancy Patent Flour.
500 barrels Rob Roy Flour.
1000 bags Rice, all grades.
1000 bundles Standard Cotton Ties.
800 rolls Hindoo No. 2, Bagging.
500 cases Canned Vegetables.
500 cases Pink Salmon.
200 cases Chum Salmon.
800 cases SUPREME BRAND Canned Meats.
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The line contains every item an up-to-date department could wish—Fabric and Ripplette Finishes—five colors and white. Gift Cabinets with Embossed Tops. Pound Papers in all colors. Correspondence Cards to Match. Staple and Novelty Sizes of Papers. Novelty and Standard Envelopes and Flaps. It fulfils every social requirement.
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Wrigley's is a constant friend to teeth, breath, appetite and digestion.
The refreshment and comfort of this toothsome, long-lasting confection is within the reach of everybody.
Its benefits are many—its cost small. That's why it's used around the world. Nothing else can take its place.
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Write Wrigley's 1644 Kesner Building, Chicago for the funny Spearmen's Gum-ption book. 644

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EXTRA SPECIALS THIS WEEK
PALMOLIVE
Vanishing Cream, value . . .50c
3 cakes Toilet Soap 30c
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(All This Week—44c.
The Cream May be Replaced by PALMOLIVE LIQUID SHAMPOO or FACE POWDER, both 50c. Values.)
MAXIXE CHOCOLATE-COVERED CHERRIES, 50c value; All This Week, 39c.
TRIOLA SWEETS, ASSORTED FRUITS, 50c value, All This Week, 39c.
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ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY
181 —— TELEPHONES —— 182

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FRESH MEATS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS. WE CAN PLEASE YOU.
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THEATRICAL

If you are a bit blase on the musical comedy question and think you have seen them all and that they are all alike, just prepare yourself for a little shock next Wednesday, matinee and night, at the Academy of Music when Mr. John P. Slocum brings his latest money winning attraction, "Nobody Home," with Charles McNaughton, Zoe Barnett, Frisco DeVere and Metropolitan cast.

New York and Boston were obsessed with the same idea until they saw this delightful combination of musical and comedy novelty. It was so different that it startled them at first but they paid tribute to its originality and as a consequence "Nobody Home" remained in New York for almost a year and thre emonths in Boston. Nothing quite like it has ever been seen before and it is as full of surprise and laughter as a well seasoned melon. There is something wrong with the man or woman who cannot enjoy "Nobody Home" at least that is what the critics say.

The popular matinee prices will range from 50 cents to $1 with a few seats at $1.50. The night prices will range from 50 cents to $2. Tickets for both performances go on sale this morning at Elvington's at 9 o'clock.

Miss Maude Adams

As Lady Babbie Maude Adams is repeating her former triumphs in "The Little Minister" and it is now a matter of wonder that her following ever allowed her to keep the charming comedy so long away from its members. Theatrical people have an unshakable belief in the wisdom of change. They argue that the nervous public continually clamors for new incidents, new thrills and new faces. But the public as a whole is not as nervous as all that and it is a certainty that it does not relish seeing the things it likes best of all hidden away in the background and consigned to oblivion.

Miss Adams need never have laid away "The Little Minister;" she would always have been welcome in it. This much has been proved during her tour last season and during her present trip through the South. Now that she has brought the play back she is to be forgiven for having laid it away, for the fact remains that if she had not shelved it she never would have been seen as Phoebe Throssell in "Quality Street," as the boy who wouldn't grow up in "Peter Pan" or as the lovable little Maggie Wylie in "What Every Woman Knows." And that this would have been a distinct loss to the stage is a certainty.

Miss Adams is due here on next Thursday when she will be seen in her original role of Lady Babbie in "The Little Minister," at the Academy of Music. The prices will range from 50 cents (gallery) to $2. Tickets will go on sale tomorrow morning at Elvington's at 9 o'clock.

"The Dividend" at Royal.

One of the tensest Triangle dramas of the year is the verdict of critics regarding "The Dividend," today's great offering at the Royal theatre, in which is starred that supreme dramatic power, William H. Thompson, supported by one of the most popular juvenile dramatic stars of the year, Charles Ray.

"The Dividend" is a powerful screen drama, with a strong and appealing moral tacked onto it. It shows a son just passing from boyhood into manhood—at the age when every boy needs the companionship of his father, not just a word and a pat on the back now and then but, good long talks, a warm interest in the plans and desires of the boy, an association which is more like that of two good chums than anything else.

"The Dividend" shows, in the course of its powerful and tragic story, just what this fatherly interest in a boy would have meant, if it had been given and the deplorable results that may follow when a father is too much engrossed with his own affairs to give his son the right sort of companionship.

It is an engrossing drama from here on one of the most tense from the Triangle studios this year.

As an extra feature the Royal presents today the second great Goldberg Cartoon release entitled "Leap Year," a reel of a thousand laughs, the funniest things you ever saw on the screen.

Fox Reilly's Show at Victoria.

All over Wilmington yesterday—people were congratulating themselves and the Victoria management upon bringing back Fox Reilly and his big show to entertain the crowds of Victoria patrons for the coming week, and indications point to the largest crowds tonight that have ever attended any show at the Victoria theatre. While the usual free courtesy will be extended to ladies tonight as has been the custom every Monday night, there would undoubtedly be no need of this concession in order to fill the theatre, and it is confidently expected that the large house will be unable to hold the crowds tonight. Therefore everyone who wishes good seats should go early, as there will positively not be a seat left in the house after the show begins.

Fox Reilly brings back the same organization that everyone knows so well, so elaboration along this line is superfluous. There will be inimitable Ernest Linwood in his usual unapproachable comedy roles all the week, the Empire Quartette, in which Linwood will work all the week; Harold Paite, the Wilmington boy with the big voice, and Fox Reilly, another Wilmington-ian, who appears at the head of his own company.

For tonight and tomorrow Reilly will present one of his very biggest song hit shows, "The Fortune Hunter," in which Fox Reilly himself plays the title role. The nifty chorus with pretty costumes will be seen in a big bunch of new songs and dances, and everything will positively be new but the faces. Scottie Freidell, who was here with the American Girls Company, who also made a distinct hit, has been signed by The Globe Trotters, and will also appear in the cast as well as specialties.

If is repeated—come early if you want a seat.

Great Crowds See "Liberty."

Last Monday's crowds at the Bijou rivalled any past Monday since that great serial, "Liberty," has been running, by more than five hundred people, and the crowds sorely taxed the capacity of the theatre all day long. This great serial, in striking contrast to some of the other serials, is positively getting stronger and bigger every week, which accounts for the constantly increasing crowds every Monday.

Today for the tenth great chapter of this great serial, those who wish to get good seats in the evening will certainly have to come early. This chapter, if possible, eclipses even last week's episode in point of thrilling action and tense incidents. There is something doing from the first to the last flash, and beautiful and daring Liberty Horton, in the leading role, does some more stunts that will cause you to hold your breath in awe.

In this chapter the redoubtable Liberty and her companions are completely surrounded by the Mexican rebels, and the manner in which they gain their freedom after coming within an ace of death, furnishes the thrilling unit around which two reels of the most interesting photoplay you have ever witnessed has been built.

On today's bill is also a mammoth two-reel Biograph drama—you know what the Biograph name means to any dramatic picture—and you may expect something good in this one.

Big Attraction at Grand.

Theodore Roberts and Anita King in the Jesse L. Lasky production of "Anton, the Terrible," written by Jules Eckart Goodman from the Saturday Evening Post story by Thomas H. Uzzell, and prepared for the screen by Marian Fairfax and Charles Sarver, will be the attraction at the Grand today.

This gripping story of political intrigue in connection with the recent great European war was the cause of a great deal of comment when it appeared in the Saturday Evening Post. In preparing the story for the screen, Jules Eckart Goodman, the noted dramatist, has written an even more vivid story. In the masterly hands of America's greatest character actor, and the beautiful Miss King as the fair victim of his conspiracies, and supported by a cast of such prominent artists as Horace B. Carpenter, Edythe Chapman, Harrison Ford and others, the photo is bound to be of more than usual interest.

The production, a Paramount picture, is a lavish one, the scenes being laid in Russia. It was produced under the personal direction of William C. De Mille.

A Scene in "The Little Minister," in which Miss Maude Adams will be Seen on Next Thursday Evening at the Academy of Music.

UNUSUAL DEMAND FOR HOLLY CHRISTMAS TREES IN NORTH

Forests in Parts of Eastern Carolina to be Stripped.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Nov. 19. — Forests of red and green holly in four or five counties of this part of North Carolina are to be stripped during the coming 30 days to supply an abnormal demand for Christmas trees in the North. Scattering shipments are already under way. The price of the product is said to have increased 20 per cent. over last year, when heavy shipments were made from Onslow, Duplin, Jones, Craven and Wayne counties, much of the holly going through this city. Hundreds of trees passed up in former years will fall prey to the lure of gold this season. Dealers in New York and smaller markets are reported to be clamoring for the evergreen, and with slow marketing prices may be expected to take a rise, it is said. The "crop" is in beautiful condition, partly because of the mildness of the fall; birds, robbing the trees of berries in severe weather when more desired food is scarce, strip the holly trees, but this season has presented a plenty for the feathered creatures without them having to resort to this pillage. The red berries on older trees are as large as were ever seen. One sample sprig exhibited here Saturday contained exceedingly large ones. The production this year is said to be superior in Lenoir county; about 500 trees in the Bucklesberry section are reported to be the finest in the region. Usually Onslow or Duplin county produces the best holly. Mistletoe is scarce, and will probably bring record-breaking prices. Holly and mistletoe will, of course, have first place in the sales of Christmas decorations, but hundreds of thousands of small spruce and fir trees, the latter grown for the purpose, will be marketed in New York, the center of the business, Chicago, and other places. Crates are being manufactured especially for the shipment of holly this year, it is understood. Small, long boxes make preferable packages. Heretofore, most of the holly has been shipped in barrels. A very ordinary tree will bring $5 or more at retail in the North this year, it is expected.

TWO DEATHS AT NEWBERN.

Mr. G. A. Oliver and Mr. J. W. Wooten Pass Away in Craven City.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New Bern, N. C., Nov. 19. — After lingering between life and death for five weeks, suffering with an attack of heart disease, Mr. George A. Oliver, one of New Bern's best known citizens, died at his home, No. 93 Broad street, Saturday morning.

The deceased was a son of the late William Oliver and for more than twenty years he has been superintendent of the New Bern cotton exchange. He had been in ill health for several years, having been a sufferer from rheumatism, but it was not until five weeks ago that he was fatally stricken.

A death that came as a surprise to the numerous friends of the deceased, occurred early yesterday morning, when Mr. J. W. Wooten, one of the most highly esteemed residents of this city, passed suddenly away at his home at Ghent.

The deceased, who was about seventy years of age, was a former resident of Jones county, having come to New Bern to make his home some time ago. He had been in, apparently, the best of health, but a few hours before his demise he complained of a pain in his side. Home treatment was given this and it was thought that he was resting well when he was suddenly fatally stricken and died almost instantly.

Mr. Wooten was a Confederate Veteran and a Mason. He was a member of Centenary Methodist church and the funeral service, which was conducted this afternoon, was in charge of Rev. Euclid McWhorter, the pastor of that church.

SHRINERS TO INITIATE

Some Side-Splitting Stunts to be Pulled Off at New Bern.

(Special Star Correspondence).

New Bern, N. C., Nov. 19.—Those Shriners who have charge of the initiation of the novices at the institution of Sudan Temple, to be held in this city next week, are planning some side-splitting stunts for these "youngsters" to pull off on the streets of New Bern during the time that they are let loose on the streets and the people of New Bern are anticipating enjoying these to the fullest extent.

Such stunts as rolling a peanut around the block with a crow-bar, fishing a barrel of water with one's hand for a piece of iron after the said barrel had been conected with an electric wire, standing on one's head for five minutes at the time on prominent street corners and such antics will be tame compared with some of those that the Shriners have planned and it is said that there will be some high old doings.

MOVIES' PART IN POLITICS

Part Played by Screen in Big Vote Rolled Up for Governor Whitman.

New York, Nov. 18.—The Brooklyn Eagle commenting upon the heavy vote polled by Governor Whitman in his contest for re-election gives a large measure of credit for this to the "movie" campaign which was carried on in his behalf in the motion picture theatres of New York.

Governor Whitman, approximately, ran 35,000 votes ahead of the Presidential candidate of his party in the recent election in New York state.

The part played by the motion picture to bring about this result reveals a new force in politics. The "movie" fans worked their campaign along non-partisan lines. They supported Governor Whitman because of his having vetoed the Cristman-Wheeler bill which passed the last legislature and provided for censorship of motion pictures in this state.

Because Governor Whitman was being secretly opposed by a limited reform element on account of his stand on this piece of legislation the effort grew to offset this opposition by the support of the allied motion picture industries.

J. J. McCarthy and Theodore Mitchell, who have handled the D. W. Griffith attractions for the latter's New York headquarters, organized the campaign for the governor. Mr. Griffith financed the nudertaking and gave his own time to it when he was here.

The first move was to secure the co-operation of the National Association of Motion Picture Industries by getting this body to adopt resolutions denouncing all forms of legalized state or federal censorship of motion picture productions. This body represents practically every interest in the motion picture business. McCarthy and Mitchell then lined up the New York State Exhibitors through the co-operation of President Lee Ochs, of the National Exhibitors' League and in this way got in immediate touch with 1,600 motion picture theatres in the state.

Several slides were issued calling attention to what Governor Whitman had done for the "movies" by vetoing the Cristman-Wheeler bill. These slides ran daily in nearly 1,600 theatres before approximately five audiences a day. It is roughly estimated that this message for the governor was given a daily circulation of 2,000,000 and reached directly the people most vitally interested in the welfare of motion pictures. Experts on circulation will no doubt in the future consider these enormous figures and the direct method offered of getting in immediate touch with the people.

Though head over heels in work with his personal interests Mr. D. W. Griffith took time t omake a film story of the governor's work for a single day in looking after the interests of all the people of the state. This film story was direct and illustrative and with its under-current of human interest threw a new light upon the duties and cares that weigh down upon the chief executive of a great state. It also brought out forcefully and simply the earnest efforts that Governor Whitman had put forth to conduct the affairs of the state, through its various departments, in the interest of all the people. Over 100 copies of this film were distributed voluntarily through the different exchanges directly to the exhibitors who saw that the story reached the "movie" fans. All this work was given gratis, as were also the poster advertising and the distributing of letters and circulars calling attention to the films and slides. Messrs. McCarthy and Mitchell worked in conjunction with the motion picture industries and their various branches and also with the Whitman Campaign Committee. The campaign was carried on for five weeks without a let-up until the day before election.

That Governor Whitman piled up a plurality of 134,000 and ran 35,000 votes ahead of the national ticket shows how effective the work was in his behalf.

This is the third time within a year that the "movie" interests have taken a hand in politics. In Chicago last spring they elected a Democratic judge in the face of heavy opposition. This was Judge William Fenimore Cooper, of Cook county, who was opposed because he had issued for the first time in an Illinois court an injunction which clearly established the rights of the motion picture to be judged along with any other form of printed or spoken word. Judge Cooper expected to be defeated by 40,000 votes. A whirlwind campaign was organized by Messrs. McCarthy and Mitchell and which D. W. Griffith financed. The "movie" fans rallied to Judge Cooper's support. He was elected by a majority of 24,000. The Chicago Tribune, Herald, Examiner, American and Journal commenting upon the election the next day said that Judge Cooper owed his success entirely to the fight made for him in the moving picture theatres of the city.

Last fall when Senator Cristman came up for re-nomination at the primaries the state exhibitors organized a similar campaign against him in the motion picture theatres of his district. He was defeated by a large majority by Theodore Douglas Robinson. Senator Cristmas admitted publicly that he owed his defeat to the opposition of the motion picture men because of their fight on his bill for state censorship. This was the bill Governor Whitman vetoed. The latter's stand awakened the appreciation of the motion picture men and they contributed to his reelection as outlined above.

Three successful non-partisan and voluntary campaigns within a year demonstrate that the "movie" is something of a political forum if the stand taken is a clean and disinterested one.

CALIFORNIA VOTES $15,000,000 FOR GOOD ROADS CONSTRUCTION

Assures Paving of 1,000 Miles of Road, Added to 1,122 Now Finished.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 18.—Fifteen million dollars for the completion of the state highway system is available in California as a result of the election. Overwhelming endorsement of the big bond issue was given, insuring the paving of approximately 1,000 miles of roads in addition to the 1,122 miles already finished at an expense of $16,000,000.

Initial work will be done on the trunk lines extending from San Diego to the northern boundary of the state. One fifth of the sum voted will be devoted to the construction of new highways among which will be one north from Los Angeles into the famed Sequoia forests. These giant trees are said to be the oldest living things in the world and will be the terminus of a highway expected to surpass all others in California in scenic beauty.

In addition to the state funds California has available immediately more than $250,000 from the federal state road fund, this state having been first to obtain federal aid under the new government rural road act. Work also will begin at once sign posting the Majove desert over which crosses the only open-all-the-year-round highway from the east to California. The government appropriated funds for posting the water holes only after a battle extending over 14 years had been waged by the Los Angeles chamber of commerce, to make traveling over this highway absolutely safe for strangers.

TURKEYS ARE HIGHER

Cost Four and a Half Cents a Pound More Than Last Year.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Nov. 19.—Turkeys are 4 1-2 cents a pound higher now than at this time last year. Dealers say the general prosperity and not a shortage on the farms is the cause. Good times struck the barnyards of this section long ago, and with hens selling at 40 cents in Kinston for weeks past and apt to go higher, it is only reasonable that the Thanksgiving bird should be worth 22 1-2 cents instead of 18 cents. There is probably very little increase in the production over last year, but the demand is much greater. There is admittedly a handsome profit in the fowls at the new price. The growing of turkeys, a side issues with planters until now, can be expected to become something of an industry sure enough next year.

CHAIRMAN WARREN AT HOME

Grows More Enthusiastic Each Day Over Democratic Victory.

(Special Star Correspondence).

New Bern, N. C., Nov. 19.—Hon. Thos. D. Warren, chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee, has returned from Buncombe county where he has been to attend to some professional business matters.

Chairman Warren grows more enthusiastic each day over the recent victory of the Democratic party in the State and Nation and declares that it is one of the greatest in the history of the party.

The chairman is credited with causing a good part of the vote in the State by his vigorous campaign and local citizens never lose advantage of an opportunity to praise hm for hs execlient work.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE

Miss Willie Green Day, of New Bern, Thrown Through Wind-Shield

(Special Star Correspondence)

New Bern, Nov. 19.—Miss Willie Green Day, of this city, had a narrow escape from what might have proven serious or fatal injury yesterday morning when an automobile in which she and Mr. William Flanner, Jr., was ditched several miles from New Bern on the road to Havelock and she was thrown through the windshield.

As Miss Day struck the windshield, this shattered and she was painfully injured by the broken glass. As quickly as possible she was rushed to St. Luke's hospital where medical attention was given her injuries and today she is reported as resting very well.

PASTOR'S DOWNTOWN OFFICE

Editorial Discussion of Plan of Dr. J. J. Hurt, of Wilmington.

(Biblical Recorder.)

An office and study in the thick of the business district of Wilmington N. C., is maintained by Rev. John Jeter Hurt, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist church. In a recent issue of the Baptist World he gives several reasons for so doing.

To begin with, he finds that it provides opportunity for uninterrupted study, all of his books being in the office which he occupies each day from about 8:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m., after which everybody is welcome for an hour. While the office is without a telephone and under night-latch during study hours, and the pastor is inaccessible except in cases of emergency this plan provides opportunity for his being readily reached by all who wish to see him at appointed hours. Since the church is a vast business enterprise and usually it is hard to get committees together, Dr. Hurt finds that he can get a quorum more certainly and do business more quickly at his downtown office than in the pastor's home or a room in the church. Such an office also makes special engagements easy, since "a man will knock at your office door who never could muster up courage to ring a preacher's door-bell or climb to his study in a church." Finally, the downtown office helps to establish the point of contact since on the one hand "it does not hurt modern men that hurry to pause in the presence of timeless verities," and on the preacher's part, "the sermon will lose nothing of practical value by being set to the sound of modern commerce, rolling its imperial way through yonder streets."

Not improbably other pastors of large city churches have adopted the plan which Dr. Hurt cordially approves after having given it fair trial, but it has not yet come into that general use which seems practicable in view of the many exacting duties of the alert and progressive city pastor today.

Bon Marche Incorporated. Just Across From the Post Office

One Lady Said—

"If you can't find it elsewhere, go to the Bon Marche—they are sure to have it."

We Say—

"In order to save time and trouble, come to the Bon Marche first."

GRAND

Jesse L. Lasky Presents THE ACCOMPLISHED SCREEN STARS

THEODORE ROBERTS and ANITA KING

In a Magnificent Paramount Production.

"ANTON, the TERRIBLE"

A Play With an Irresistible Appeal

5 and 10c.

BIJOU

"LIBERTY"

Tenth Great Chapter of Thrills.

GETTING BIGGER EVERY WEEK.

The Increasing Crowds Bear Witness to This.

"Pasker Jim's Guardianship"

A Great Biograph Two-Reel Drama.

ACADEMY THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23

Charles Frohman Presents

MAUDE ADAMS

In J. M. Barrie's Comedy

"The Little Minister"

Prices: 75c. to $2. Gallery, 50c. and 75c. Tickets at Elvington's Tomorrow. Free List Suspended.

ACADEMY, Wednesday, November 22 MATINEE AND NIGHT

The Smart Musical Comedy Success

NOBODY HOME

No. 1 and Original Cast, Including Chas. McNaughton and Zoe Barnett.

Special Prices: Matinee, 50c to $1. Few at $1.50. Night: 50c. to $2. Tickets at Elvington's.

VICTORIA

WILMINGTON'S FAVORITES

REILLY'S Globe Trotters

Presenting All New Musical Comedy Plays—All New Songs, Dances, Specialties and Costumes. Featuring

Empire Quartet
Ernest Linwood
Harold Paite

TODAY:

"THE FORTUNE HUNTER"

A Big Song and Dance Comedy Show.

LADIES FREE

Tonight When Accompanied by the Holder of a 30c Ticket.

COME EARLY, IF YOU WANT TO GET IN.

ROYAL

Thos. H. Ince Presents

CHAS. RAY and WILLIAM H. THOMPSON

In a Magnificent Triangle Dramatic Spectacle

"THE DIVIDEND"

One of the Tensest Dramatic Features of the Year.

Goldberg Cartoons

Second Great Release Entitled

"Leap Year"

The Reel of a Thousand Laughs.

Admission - 5c and 10c

Ten of the Fashion-Show Models, Who Lend Considerable Beauty to the Big Musical Comedy Success, "Nobody Home," Which Comes to the Academy of Music, Wednesday, Matinee and Night, November 22nd. This is the No. 1 and Original Organization Headed by Charles McNaughton and Zoe Barnett, and Also Includes a Special Novelty Orchestra.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC. Wilmington, N. C.

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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 50c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina. Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON STAR CO

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

Prove your godliness by our God-likeness. —PUNSHION.

Teddy keeps on talking, but let him rip. Everybody else is doing it too.

A man is safe if he can keep out of some sort of conspiracy in restraint of trade.

Don't forget an offering for the orphans of North Carolina. All of us ought to think of them during at least one season of the year.

The South is said by Judge Hughes to be in the saddle. Some people may have taken that seriously, but they ought to know that the South is only riding home.

The Charlotte News wants only good men to run for the office, but who is going to run the newspapers, if the editors commence running for all the offices in sight?

The newspapers continue to complain of the high cost of print paper, but they go on using more of it than ever. The idea seems to be to get out a paper at any cost.

No, Mabel, some men who are slick articles have never used as much as a drop of eel oil, but in some way or other they've acquired as much slickness as a lard can full of eels.

An agent is selling Hughes' speeches in book form. Those who buy the book can get complete information concerning the manner in which Hughes helped Roosevelt to beat the Republican party.

Oh, yes, a fellow gets gay now and then and asserts that he does his "own" thinking. Then he ups and says what he thinks, and "It's jes as Uncle Remus" says—it shows he only thought he thunk". By saying what we think we often give ourselves away.

Says The Charleston Post: "A doctor warned the women of Atlanta the other day that in kissing they laid themselves liable to 50 disease germs." May be the Atlanta women don't mind a theory when they recognize that kissing as an asset is worth more than 50 liabilities.

President Wilson continues to coin phrases that stick, that are full of meaning, that impress themselves upon the minds of the American people and that will be quoted when his earthly career is ended, for example, "justice with a heart in it" and "some men grow in office and others swell up."

Since technicalities are counting so much in the election of a congressmen in the Tenth district, wonder if the canvassing boards of the counties thought to take the pains to see whether an indelible pencil or just any old pencil was used in marking the congressional ballots that were marked. Down this way, it was considered an important part of the process of voting to use an indelible pencil.

One of the distinguishing characteristics of Woodrow Wilson's career as president, as it will be pointed out by the historian of the future, if not indeed the chief one, will be the achievement of inspiring the Nation to higher ideals, to which he points in all his public utterances. Take this, for instance, from his talk to the delegation of laboring men that called upon him Saturday: "The thing we ought all to strive for is to close up every rift, and the only way to do it, so far as I can see, is to establish justice not only, but justice with a heart in it, justice with a pulse in it, justice with sympathy in it." Isn't that a sublime sentiment?

MOBILIZING THE HOGS

From 500 to 600 fine hogs will be offered for sale in a bunch at Darlington, S. C., on next Thursday, November 23. The live chamber of commerce of the thrifty town of Darlington is mobilizing the hogs of the farmers of Darlington county and for the first time in the history of the town there is going to be a live stock sale, something on the order of the "Dutch market" plan mentioned 'steen times in The Star. Those who want to buy from eight to ten car loads of prime hogs can show up at Darlington and bid for the porkers—plumped up by pasturing and hardened up by corn feeding for the market. Bidders will be there for this event, for the chamber of commerce and Darlington, the mayor of Darlington and the State Agricultural and Mechanical Society have followed each other up in sending out invitation to buyers for abattoir concerns and packing house establishments.

This is what The Star calls commercializing the livestock industry in the South and we are going to do it because we have gotten ready and have begun already. Darlington is setting a good pace, so we have been looking forward to something that has come to pass along practical lines—something that has come to stay and something that will get bigger and bigger all the time. Theories are by-gones. The hogs are here in marketable lots and Darlington is showing the goods. Darlington has served notice on us that she has commercialized the hog and all of it has come about through the really constructive work of a live chamber of commerce and the bankers and business men of a fine town in which there is the spirit of real progress and potential development on the inside of the town and on the outside of the town. They are building up the inside from the outside by building up the outside from the inside.

Wilmington has a chance to bid on those Darlington hogs, but it takes money to buy hogs in Darlington and to purchase land in Eastern North Carolina, the forefront and gem portion of the Nation's Garden Spot. Wilmington's packing house is not quite ready for business but the Sans Souci Abattoir is. President Greene Fenley, of the abattoir company, has received a whole bunch of invitations to attend Darlington's livestock sale. Darlington was afraid he might forget it, so an invitation came to him from Mayor E. R. Cox, of Darlington, another from President Bright Williamson, of the Bank of Darlington, and still another from President J. N. Kirven, of the State Agricultural and Mechanical Society. There we see a fine example of co-operation in scoring success for a movement with inconceivably vast possibilities in it.

Last but not least, the enterprising Atlantic Coast Line (of Wilmington) has largely co-operated, for the railroad people have provided stockyards and livestock terminals near the freight depot in Darlington. Even the cars will be there to move the hogs immediately to the slaughter markets whose bidders are on hand to get a cinch. Transportation is a vital factor of the livestock industry, but the Atlantic Coast Line is on the ground ready for business—ready to encourage, promote and stand back of a progressive undertaking by means of energized interest, its physical equipment and the freight rates that ensure carload lots for distribution from the origin of concentration to the commercialized end of traffic.

The Coast Line is progressive because there is something in it for the resourceful territory that lies along a great North and South railway that links together America's most productive region with America's greatest consuming region. We can't help suggesting that you stick a pin here, so you can remember that railway and region combined make this portion of the Nation's Garden Spot America's most ideal section for the broadest of opportunities for homeseekers and especially for us who are fortunate in being here to co-operate in the development of this incomparable country along its broadest lines.

Well, the livestock industry is one of the greatest opportunities in this land of cotton, tobacco, peanuts and all the imaginable products of a peculiarly versatile agricultural and fruit growing section. Darlington sees the light, so President Kirven of the State Agricultural and Mechanical Society says in his invitation for Darlington's livestock sale:

"Stock raising is a new industry in South Carolina, and the county of Darlington has taken a lead in that direction. The trouble has been, heretofore, in not having a market and ready sale for livestock. A great many farmers raise only a few hogs, which makes it impractical to ship in carload lots. They do not understand it and it would be unsatisfactory to them. If you will assist us in encouraging and promoting this industry in its infancy we would appreciate it more than we can tell you. We think it is important just at this stage and your co-operation is earnestly solicited."

President Williamson, of the Bank of Darlington, notes in his invitation:

"The farmers of this county have been endeavoring to meet the coming of the boll weevil and have some very nice hogs, which they are now feeding on corn. We trust that you will see your way clear to have a representative with us on that day. Perhaps the development of the industry of raising hogs here will add much to the future prospects of your (Wilmington's) packing house."

Mayor Cox, of Darlington, urges President Fenley to send a representative to Darlington's stockyard sale and here is what he adds:

"The business men of Darlington have for some time encouraged the raising of livestock and preparing for the coming of the boll weevil. Heretofore there has been no market and no demand for hogs here and it is impracticable to ship in carload lots where the car lots are composed of various shippers. We have given the farmers to understand that buyers will be here on the above date. I am writing to extend to you a cordial invitation and request that you assist us in any way that you can in encouraging and promoting the industry, which may extend over a section of the State and be very profitable to us all."

We see here the elements which prove to us the mutual part which all must play in promoting the development of this country. Co-operation insures success, and all those who participate in it will share substantially in the development that is bound to result. Wilmington is deeply interested in Darlington's livestock sale, for Darlington is in the trade zone of Wilmington's jobbing houses and banking establishments. In a commercial, financial and business way, Wilmington is vitally concerned in the development of whatever State, county and community that in any way contributes to the volume of this city's business.

WE ARE ON THE WAY WITH WILMINGTON.

Why, of course, the "ins" and the "outs" are always at outs but they are never in much nor ever out much. The public generally takes a hand in their fights but some times when the "outs" get in the public makes out like it is out. Sometimes it is but sometimes it isn't.

Whatever, the "ins" and the "outs" may say about each other, those of us who go up a tree and look down, can observe that the people are getting more for their money than they ever got before in the history of politics. We never have seen a time that we were so proud of Wilmington's fine schools, Wilmington's improved streets, New Hanover's good roads and this whole section's good prospects. All these are the best of signs that we have been making splendid progress and that there is here the evidence of a fine public spirit and the visible achievements that convince us that the people as a whole are inspired by a spirit of progress. We have been reaching out and we have been getting things that are really worth while. We have the goods to show and we are going right on after more. We may not get all we want but we surely have been getting what we need—good schools, good streets, good roads, and vastly better opportunities than we ever had before. We have scored 100 per cent. on these lines, and we can do it in many other directions, if we will get together with each other and never have a thought of getting even with each other.

Tut! tut with such little things as the "ins" and the "outs" and the cliques and the cliquistas, for we are all going ahead and getting there, even if we are going by different routes. Some are doing things for Wilmington one way and some are doing things some other way, so it in the sum total of everybody's way of doing things that all are sharing in Wilmington's progress. Don't lean up against something and say that Wilmington is at a "standstill," for it is only a sign that you have stopped on the way while Wilmington is going ahead.

What we say about each other doesn't cut a bit of ice, for Wilmington is going ahead and actually has gone ahead of the whole push. Don't stop. Catch up. The other fellow might beat us catching up.

We haven't got time to stop. When we stop we are liable to fall down. It is better to fall down while trying to catch up with Wilmington. Lamp things in a general way and you can see that Wilmington is getting there whether we are getting there with her or not. We are on the way in spite of ourselves or anybody else.

A FARMER WITH VISION

Mr. T. F. Jackson, of Clover, York county, became obsessed of the idea that there is more money in cows than there is in cotton, even in that fine cotton growing section of York. He tried it and proved it to himself. He raises all his own food and feedstuffs and keeps a herd of 14 cows. He now runs his own dairy and creamery, and during ten months his cows produced $2,000 worth of butter and cream, The upkeep of the 14 cows cost him $114 a month or $1,140 for the ten months, yielding him a new profit of $860. He raises cotton, too, but he is going to enlarge his creamery because it is more profitable than raising cotton. He grows crimson clover, oats and vetch, peavine hay and corn stover, and he says that his land can take care of his cows so cheaply that he proposes to go on selling his fine butter at 35 cents a pound. A hotel at Gastonia, N. C., takes about $900 worth of his dairy and creamery products a year. He can't supply the demand, but he is enlarging his plant so as to supply all of it he can.

Well, it makes Teddy laugh, but it is no laughing matter to the Republicans. He put them in a hole in 1908 and they depended upon him to get them out of it in 1916. The Republican party now knows what it is to make the concession that any one man is bigger than their party. There isn't a word of truth in it, nor is any man bigger than his party. Men are great forces in politics, of course, but the principles of a party will live on after all its sages have gone the way of man.

Just at this instant, we thought about Christmas but it didn't amount to more than a passing thought.

"The Bayer Cross"
BAYER
"Your Guarantee of Purity"
BAYER
Genuine
Aspirin
Aspirin is made by only one Company. Counterfeits and substitutes may be ineffective, and even dangerous. The sign of the genuine is "The Bayer Cross." For your protection be sure that every package and every tablet you buy bears
"The Bayer Cross—Your Guarantee of Purity"
Pocket Boxes of 12, Bottles of 24 and Bottles of 100
The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Office) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.
Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

GIVE TAR HEELS A CHANCE

Men Are Driven From the State to Seek Fortune Elsewhere Because of Lack of Opportunities.

To the Editor of The Star:

Your editorial in the issue of November, 10th entitled, "Give North Carolinians a Chance," is a subject which should be taken to heart by the business men of the State, and your advice is to be highly commended.

I am a native of the "Old North State," which I shall always remember with pride, but I am not able to live among those I hold as best, just on account of the short-sighted policy of the business men whom I have endeavored to deal with.

In my business career I have been forced to seek another location, as the compensation and opportunities offered me by some of the leading concerns in my line were so poor that I could not afford to waste time there.

The South has made wonderful progress in the past 20 years and bids fair to do even more, but the sooner your advice is put into practice the more rapid will the advancement be.

And another condition will be met, i. e., keeping the real American at home and keeping the population one solid mass of American blood. The importation of alien labor is to be deplored, as the results have manifested themselves in some of the industrial centers of the North where as high as 60 per cent is foreign.

The "Solid South" has lately come into prominence in some of the radical papers here during campaign periods; but the more they hold us up the brighter we shine.

The true Americanism of the "Solid South" and the West have added another brilliant page to the history of the United States in the election of Woodrow Wilson—thereby upholding a man who has acted by the guidance of his conscience and done best for all.

Trusting that I may yet be able to return to the "Old North State,"

Yours truly,
"OBSERVER."

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Nov. 17, 1916.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Congresswoman-elect Jeannette Rankin is said to be powerful in argument, but if this should fail her, a few well shed tears will procure anything she may want from the mere congressman. —Charleston Post.

Sometimes we think the world is about evenly divided between those who don't want a newspaper to print anything they don't like and those who want it to say a lot of things they are unwilling to set their own names to.—Milwaukee Journal.

The Charlotte Observer has just announced that a negro in that city has raised a bale and a half of cotton on a back lot in that city and yet they tell us that Charlotte is the most thriving, hustling manufacturing city in the State. It is high time that Greensboro, Wilmington, Raleigh and Winston were taking notice of any such declarations. —go to it fellows.—Rocky Mount Telegram.

A New York judge wants juries of women to try women, but not at all for the reason urged by the Feminists. Instead of juries of men being unmerciful to women delinquents, this judge complains that they are altogether too susceptible. He says it is difficult to get a jury to convict a woman, and if she is pretty it is almost impossible. A sigh, a tear, a fetching glance, a bit of coquetry in dress, and a jury of men forgets the evidence and is deaf to the charge of the judge. From a jury of women he believes women culprits would get justice; the wiles of their own sex would be wasted on them.—Philadelphia Record.

Readers of The Observer will be interested in the fact that Mr. Victor L. Stephenson has joined the staff of The New York Post. Mr. Stephenson was connected with The Observer for 10 years, almost to the day, and had an established place as one of its brightest young men. Leaving this paper, he served three months on The Philadelphia Press, and served it well, but the more attractive call to the New York paper came to him and he responded. Mr. Stephenson is a writer of clearness and force, and the friends he made in Charlotte and throughout the State during his service on The Observer will join the staff of this paper in extending congratulations on the broader field that has opened out to him.—Charlotte Observer.

THE TAX ON THE COW TICK.

Forty to One Hundred Million Dollars is Estimate of Department.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19. — The cattle tick has been in the South ever since there were cattle for it to feed upon. It has fattened on the blood of Southern cattle that should have gone to the making of beef and milk and in return it has killed with splenetic or tick fever the animals that fed it. It has made our cattle into scrubs and prevented the introduction of pure-bred dairy and beef animals, for in a ticky country no man is willing to risk his money in high-priced stock.

The United States Department of Agriculture has estimated the annual loss to the country from the cattle tick at from $40,000,000 to $100,000,000. These figures, however, mean very little for no man can calculate the benefits that will come to the South with the extinction of this pest. The essential point is that in a tick-infested county every cattle owner is taxed by the tick in proportion to the size of his herd. Every animal is levied on; there are no exceptions. It is a mistake to imagine that cattle become immune to the tick. Every year hundreds of thousands of supposedly immune cattle die from splenetic fever for which the tick alone is responsible. And each of those that survives suffers in other ways. The tick feeds on all cattle alike, immune and non-immune. It cuts down the weight and lowers the quality of beef animals and reduces the milk flow of dairy herds.

This tick tax has been collected so long that the people have grown accustomed to it. That is a poor reason for continuing to pay it, however. Out of 728,543 square miles that were tick infested in 1906 and placed under Federal quarantine on that account, 284,831—considerably more than one-third—have since been freed from the pest and released from quarantine. What has been done in these areas can be done wherever and whenever the people want it done. There is no more reason why a county should suffer from the tick than from smallpox. A little trouble, a slight investment, will dispose of both.

WEATHERSPOON RE-ELECTED BY PEE DEE ASSOCIATION

Annual Meeting of Baptists Held Past Week at Wadesboro.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Wadesboro, Nov. 19.—The Pee Dee Baptist Association, composed of churches in Anson, Richmond and Scotland counties, convened here Tuesday morning for its annual meeting. This association has a total of 24 churches in its membership, the largest of these churches being at Laurinburg, Rockingham, Hamlet and Wadesboro. Mr. W. H. Weatherspoon, a prominent attorney of Laurinburg, was re-elected, and Mr. W. J. Matthews, of Maxton, clerk for more than 20 years, was re-elected as clerk.

The annual sermon was preached Tuesday morning by Rev. James Long, of Laurinburg. After the sermon, the reports from the various churches were read. Tuesday afternoon the topic of "The Need of Churches" was discussed. Dr. R. T. Vann, of Raleigh, took an active part in this discussion. Tuesday night Dr. Vann made a splendid address on Christian Education. Rev. Bruce Benton, of Rockingham, delivered an address on Home Missions. Mr. J. D. Moore, of Raleigh, was another speaker who made a powerful address before the association. Wednesday morning the report of the Thomasville Orphanage was read and ably discussed by Dr. M. L. Kesler and others.

The association adjourned Wednesday afternoon after a very successful session. Next year the association will meet with the Spring Hill church, at Wagram, N. C.

—The local headquarters of the Salvation Army announces that a little 12 year old girl is in need of a cloak and some warm clothing. Anyone desiring to contribute any article of clothing for her may leave them at the Army headquarters near Front and Dock streets.

Distance Shrinks to Nearness

Distance today is no barrier to business. Minutes have replaced miles.

WESTERN UNION
Day Letters and Night Letters
expand the limits of your selling territory to the margins of the seas. Wherever Western Union goes, business may be had at little cost.
THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

MR. GRIBBEN ACCEPTS THE CALL OF ST. JOHN'S

Assistant Rector of Atlanta Church Coming to Wilmington.

He Succeeds Rev. W. E. Cox, Who Leaves December 1 to Become Rector of Church of Holy Comforter In Richmond, Va

That Rev. Robert E. Gribben, now assistant rector of St. Luke's Episcopal church in Atlanta, Ga., will become rector of St. John's Episcopal church in Wilmington, on December 1st to succeed Rev. W. E. Cox, who leaves on that date to accept the rectorship of the Church of the Holy Comforter in Richmond, Va., was announced at the morning service of the Wilmington church yesterday.

Announcement was made several months ago by Mr. Cox of his acceptance of the rectorship of the Richmond church, effective December 1st. He has served very efficiently as rector of St. John's for the past nine years and it is with keen regret that his congregation parts with him. He will leave for his new parish on Thanksgiving night.

Mr. Gribben, who succeeds Mr. Cox, is still a young man in the prime of life and comes with the highest recommendations. He has served as assistant rector of the Atlanta church for the past two years and prior to this was for two and half years assistant rector of Grace Episcopal church in Charleston, S. C.

The new rector is a native of South Carolina but obtained his theological training at the General Theological Seminary in New York. After completing his education, he returned to Charleston to become assistant rector of Grace church, one of the largest churches in that city.

Mr. Gribben, accompanied by his wife and child, will arrive in Wilmington about December 1st and will at once take up his new duties. The congregation feel that they are fortunate in getting him to become rector as it is believed that he has every qualification for continuing the splendid work that has already been started so well by Mr. Cox.

STARTING ON LONG TRIP.

Special Foreign Representative of Dodge Brothers Makes Long Jumps.

E. G. Willems, special foreign representative of Dodge Brothers, is about to start on a little jaunt that will carry him to the far east, including Manila and other island points, and eventually to Australia and New Zealand.

Mr. Willems is apparently trying to set a traveling record. During the past year he has traveled more than 50,000 miles, visiting the far eastern region to which he is now returning, and also South Africa and South America.

On one portion of his journey he made a direct jump of 10,000 miles.

Mr. Willems is enthusiastic over the possibilities for American cars in distant lands.

"Just a few years ago the American cars had no standing with the foreign buyers," says Mr. Willems, "but they have won their way and the cars with good reputations in this country are winning like prestige abroad.

"The remarkable reception given Dodge Brothers car when introduced at home has been duplicated wherever it has been shown, and the dealers appointed on my trip during the past year, all report excellent business."

TALK OF ANOTHER BANK

Wilmington May Have Another Financial Institution

There has been a rumor current in local business circles for the past several days of a new banking institution in the city. Mr. Richard Bradley, cashier of the Citizens' Bank, is being prominently mentioned in connection with the proposed bank.

While Mr. Bradley refuses to admit that such an institution is being organized, he does not deny that he has been approached by a number of business men in regard to the matter. Wilmington has long been regarded as a banking center, and there are many business men who are of the opinion that there is plenty of room for another bank to flourish.

TORPEDO BOAT WAS SIGHTED

Fishermen Saw Craft Cruising Off Wrightsville Beach—Put Into Dock at Southport Late Yesterday.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon while a party of local fishermen were seeking to inveigle some of the finny denizens of the Atlantic into nibbling the tempting bait offered them, there appeared a smudge of smoke off the coast in the vicinity of Wrightsville.

Now the appearance of smoke off Wrightsville Beach is no unusual occurence at all. But the fishermen naturally became interested when the smoke began to take the shape of a torpedo boat.

As the craft was cruising some eight miles away, and the observers were not equipped with glasses (at least not the kind that you see through) it was impossible to tell whether she was flying the Stars and Stripes, or was carrying the colors of the Fatherland. Therefore, they were not sure that the Germans were not preparing to shell Wrightsville Beach.

The Waltonites took care that if this was the case that no powder would burn them, for they about faced and struck for home and country (mostly home). On reporting their discovery in Wilmington, preparations were made to give the Deutschlanders a warm reception if they sought to advance up the tracks of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

As the afternoon wore on and no German army appeared in the city, the war scare began to subside. By 5 o'clock it had entirely disappeared, and those who saw the strange craft were ready to affirm that it was nothing more than an ordinary boat.

Long distance telephone communication with Southport last night solved the identity of the frightful craft. It turned out to be the torpedo boat Foote, en route from New Bern to Charleston, under the command of Lieutenant Commander Paul L. Holland, of the North Carolina Naval Militia. The Foote was on her way to Charleston, where she will undergo extensive repairs. Lieutenant F. T. Brant, of the New Bern division of the Naval Militia, and 22 militiamen composed the crew.

The Foote left New Bern at 11 o'clock Saturday morning and put in at the government dock at Southport about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She is expected to clear for Charleston early this morning.

THE SOCIAL IDEAL OF JESUS

Dr. Milton in Sermon Points Out Some of the Weaknesses of Proposed Social Reforms.

The fundamental weakness of all economic reforms has been that they have had as their ideal material prosperity without regard to the spiritual side of life, which must always be considered in building up any permanent basis for society, according to Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, whose sermon last night on "The Social Ideal of Jesus" was heard by a large congregation.

Dr. Milton explained that Christ always looked for the better man and that the first aim today must be the same as it has been of the church through all ages, though often weakly expressed, to make better men and through better men to build a better State. It is through making better men that the brotherhood of man is to be realized, said the speaker, and thus will the fatherhood of God be more fully realized in the world.

Never before has there been so much social unrest and never before has there been more necessity for men to be earnest to serve God and at the same time to think as now, said Dr. Milton, who explained that he had undertaken to preach a series of sermons on the social teachings of Jesus with some little temerity. The minister further declared that some of his friends had advised against such a course, pointing out that people of the present day do not wish to think. "God help us, if we do not think," said the minister.

The text was taken from Mark 12:29-31 in which Christ in answer to the questions of the scribes explained that the first and greatest commandment of all is that "thou shalt love the Lord they God with all thy heart and with all thy soul and with all thy mind and with all thy strength. The second is this, Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."

The profound respect that men have always had for the teachings of Jesus was emphasized by the speaker, who pointed out that often labor men cheer the name of Jesus while in the same breath they hiss the mention of the church. While Dr. Milton thought it unfair to the church not to respect its aims and purposes, yet it was made clear that if the church can ever express the mind of Jesus and set such an example as He set, it will have the respect of men of all classes.

Dr. Milton declared his belief that Christ came to establish a new social order which was proclaimed by Him as the Kingdom of God and that this was to be established not after the earth had been obliterated but here and now and that His teachings should be made the ideal of the present world.

Contrasting wealth with poverty it was explained that no thinking man can deny that there are glaring inequalities which need to be remedied. So great is his faith in his fellowman, said Dr. Milton, that he believed that there are enough rich men in the present age, who are willing to give up their riches and become poor, to bring about justice, if these men could be shown that by so doing unjust conditions will be remedied.

Contrasting capital and labor, Dr. Milton pointed out that here, too, are inequalities in the distribution of the profits.

Three different systems have been proposed to remedy the injustice and the inequality that exists in society, it was explained. The first of these is individualism, which is the condition of modern society. In this system the survival of the fittest has full sway. It is in the language of the streets, "Every man for himself and the devil take the hindmost." And yet there is no such thing as pure individualism, for the State will not let us do absolutely as we please but only so far as our rights do not conflict with those of others. Capitalism, the nightmare of socialism, is controlled individualism. The failure of such a system is shown today on every hand.

The speaker next discussed briefly communism which was tried out in the early ages, as recorded in the New Testament, and found to be a failure. Several defects in such a system were pointed out, notably among them being that in every communal organization there will always be some who are disloyal to the rules and regulations binding them together and the tendency always to become a close corporation, existing for its own selfish designs.

The speaker did not take up in detail a discussion of socialism but defined it as being in brief collectivism, which would give to the State ownership of nearly all property. Dr. Milton felt that the weakness of this system lay in giving control of wealth to a selected company of men without regard particularly to their ability and that the lazy and the shiftless were as likely to share in the control as the more worthy.

Referring to the teachings of Jesus, Dr. Milton explained that it must always be taken into consideration that His method was that of the East and that He taught largely by parables. In order to arrive at the proper meaning of His teachings as a whole, they must be grouped under fundamental principles, and must not be considered superficially. Another point that must be borne in mind is that the order of society of His day was very simple as compared with the complex systems of today.

New Bern, N. C., Nov. 19.—Local boatmen report that much shipping is now being done in this section by the water route, more so in fact than is usually the case at this season of the year. This is due to two reasons, one of these being the shortage of freight cars and the other the low cost of transportation via this route. Practically every boat in this section is in use and, even then, all demands cannot be filled.

London, Nov. 19.—Lloyd's reports that the Italian steamer Lela, 2,937 tons gross, has been sunk.

FAMILIAR STORY HEARD WITH RAPT ATTENTION

Large Audience Much Interested in "The Prodigal Son."

Dr. Hurt Preaches Unusually Impressive But Simple Sermon in Revival at First Baptist Church —Services This Week

The spacious auditorium of the First Baptist church was filled even into the galleries last night by an audience that gave such rapt attention that the stillness was all but oppressive while the pastor, Dr. John Jeter Hurt, preached a sermon that, for simplicity and dramatic force combined, probably surpassed any delivered by him since he assumed the pastorate of the congregation last July, according to some of those who were present. And with equal effectiveness Mr. Walter E. Rodgers, of Atlanta, sang a gospel solo that seemed profoundly to impress the large audience.

It was the second Sunday night meeting of the revival campaign which began last Sunday, conducted by the pastor, assisted by Mr. Rodgers, who is one of the song evangelists of the Southern Baptist Home Mission Board. Mr. Rodgers has succeeded in getting practically all the congregation to join in the singing, led by a special choir which he has trained during the past week. The song service begins each night at 7:45 o'clock and something like half an hour is devoted to singing, led and directed by Mr. Rodgers. This is followed by the sermon by Dr. Hurt. The meetings will continue through the first half of this week if not through the entire week.

Dr. Hurt's sermon last night was based upon the familiar Bible story of the Prodigal Son, one of the parables spoken by Christ and recorded by St. Luke in the 15th chapter. The text was the 18th verse: "I will arise and go to my father and will say unto him, Father, I have sinned against Heaven and before thee". The theme was "The Three Steps Up".

Graphically and with vivid realism Dr. Hurt pictured to his audience the old home scene, the discontentedness of the son who became a prodigal, the incidents leading up to the departure into the "far country", the solicitude and anxiety of the father and mother of the boy who was leaving, and finally the parting scene. He brought the picture home to many in the audience by pausing and asking them to reflect for a moment upon the day they for the first time left the old home, the parental roof, and went out into the big world, and then described his own personal experience on such an occasion.

Then the preacher traced the career of the Prodigal Son and gave a picture of his experiences in the "far country", until he found himself in want, a feeder of swine, hungry and willing to eat the food of the hogs "and no man gave unto him". All this was preliminary to the heart of the sermon, "The Three Steps Back".

"He came to himself" was the first step. For a long time he had not been himself, the speaker pointed out. He declared that the man whose life is steeped in sin, the man who is burning up the vitals of his body by strong drink, the man who poisons the atmosphere with vile oaths and takes the name of God in vain, is not himself as God made him.

The second, of the three steps was that he got a vision of home. He remembered what he had left behind. "How many hired servants of my father's have bread enough and to spare while I perish with hunger!" He had a vision of the comforts of the old home, the plenty, the care and solicitude and tenderness of the father and mother, and then it was that he reached the third step in the process of returning, "I will arise and go to my father."

Dr. Hurt here pointed out what he considered the three arguments that presented themselves to the young man First, he was not fit to go back to the home of comfort. He was ragged and filthy and unshaven and unkempt the picture of the lowest vagabond. The argument was that, because he was unfit, he should remain where he was until he could restore himself to the condition that he was in when he left home. Another argument was that he could not get back. In his weakened condition, he could never make the long journey home, and it would be useless to undertake it. He should never start until he was sure that he could complete the journey. In the third place, he was not sure that the father would receive him if he did return. Since he was not sure of being received, it were foolish to make the start.

However, the great deciding factor was in the words "I will". That once said, all the arguments against the prodigal's undertaking to return were vain. Dr. Hurt pictured the person who has wandered away from God as being in a hopeless position until he is able to say "I will". When a man makes up his mind and says that, said the preacher, the devils tremble. Nevertheless, they argue to the man away from God that he is not fit to return and that he ought not to undertake the journey until he becomes fit: that he is not sure that he can "hold out" and therefore he should delay the matter until he is sure of being able to complete the journey; that he is not sure that when he has done his part God will receive him. All these are the devil's arguments, said the speaker, to keep men from returning to God, but they are only the arguments of the devil, for the purpose of inducing men to stay away from the Father and Heaven. None of them were true in the case of the prodigal, nor are they true in the case of men today.

If those away from God could possibly make themselves fit to enter into His presence, then the death of Jesus Christ were in vain. The man who refuses to start on the Christian life because he is not sure he can complete the journey ought to be consistent and remain in his pew because he was not sure he could complete the walk to his own home. Not a person in his audience was sure he would get back to his own residence, said Dr. Hurt, but not one would refuse to leave the church and start home on that account; all were too sensible.

The regular Sunday morning service yesterday was interesting and inspiring and quite a number of accessions to the church membership were received.

MISS WISE IS INTERVIEWED

New York Herald Has Story of Wilmington Heiress, Who Is to Assume Responsibility Fortune

In a recent issue of the New York Herald appears an account of an interview with Miss Louise Wise, the young Wilmington heiress. In connection with the article there is also printed a large photograph of Miss Wise. The Herald article follows:

"Miss Louise Wise, of Wilmington, N. C., who was designated by her aunt, Mrs. Henry M. Flagler, on the occasion of the announcement of the latter's engagement to Mr. Robert Worth Bingham, of Louisville, Ky., as the one who is to assume most of the responsibilities of Mrs. Flagler's great fortune of $60,000,000, as exclusively told in the Herald, awoke yesterday morning in her apartment, in the Plaza Hotel, to learn what some of those responsibilities are to mean to her.

A pile of letters was laid upon her desk. They were from persons unknown to her but who had suggestions as to how she could best dispose of the fortune which she is destined to control. This hitherto unknown American heiress welcomed the suggestions, but she made it evident that she has ideas of her own soon after she had received a reporter for the Herald yesterday afternoon.

"I was not prepared for all this publicity, and I must say that I do not like it, but everybody at some period of his or her life suddenly has to face questions which they never thought they would be called upon to answer", said Miss Wise.

That was an observation that one does not, customarily, expect to come from a young woman who has just finished her education, and who at twenty years of age is preparing to be introduced formally to society.

But Miss Wise is not an ordinary young woman. Her amusements are those of any vigorous young American woman. She is an excellent dancer and plays a game of golf that soon will put her in the "bogey" if not the "par" class. She also is a fine horsewoman, like all Southern girls, and rides to hounds near her native city, as well as with the autumn colony at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

While the Herald photographer was preparing to take Miss Wise's picture she spoke of her school life.

"I passed most of my school life in this city and was graduated from the Dobbs School, at Dobbs Ferry," she said. "In Paris I attended Mme. Payen's school, and at both places I had experiences which I never shall forget. I am now finding now what I saw and heard in those schools is going to be of great help to me."

"What do you mean?"

"I mean that in these schools I found two charitable objects worthy of any one's serious attention," she went on. "The Dobbs Day Nursey is doing noble work and I am deeply interested in it. Since the war all the girls who went to Mme. Payen's school, in Paris, have been helping her in her providing many, many necessary things for the soldiers in the trenches."

But Miss Wise's charitable interests extend far beyond her school associations. Like Miss Margaret Carnegie, the debutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, she associated with other young American women in all parts of the country in extending the work of the Hampton Institute, particularly in aiding negro and Indian dependents to be self-supporting.

"Now here is a matter that should receive the serious attention of every woman in my native State," continued Miss Wise, with enthusiasm. "Do you know that there are no children's courts in North Carolina? Some of the women of my State have taken the matter up and, rest asured, something will be done in the near future. I am not as familiar as I should be and soon will be in the child labor laws of my State, or through the South. Those are matters that require immediate attention."

Thus, it became evident in the short time it took the photographer to "snap" the new American heiress that Mrs. Flagler had studied her only niece's character well before she announced that the responsibilities of her wealth would ultimately be shifted to Miss Wise. Of her Mrs. Flagler said, when making her intentions known:—"She is a sweet, sunny girl, but is possessed of a wealth of good common sense."

TOBACCO PRICES TO RISE

Even Stogies May Soon Assume Dignity of Five Cent Straight—Good Time for Resolutions.

"For a woman is only a woman.
But a good cigar is a smoke."

Thus caroled an eminent Englishman by the name of Kipling, a few years ago. When Mr. Kipling said this he had been spending a number of years down in a wild uncivilized country called Hindustan, where the native cigars were rolled from dried leaves, powdered garbage and any other kind of rubbish that happened to be handy.

Mr. Kipling had learned among other things that the native women were more like those of England than were the cigars, and while a fellow could pick up a fairly presentable specimen of female at a bargain, good perfectos were at a premium. Therefore, when one of his characters finds that he must choose between his spouse and his cigar, he chose the weed. (Either one is an expensive luxury, but the cigar can't talk).

Now, heretofore, in Wilmington men have found that there has been an abundance of both good cigars and pretty damsels. If a fellow had as much as 50 cents and an evening on his hands, he could find ample amusement. He could buy two perfectly good Havana perfectos for two bits, he could sponge on somebody else's telephone and make a date with a peach, then he could, if he were possessed of the gift of gab, persuade the lady that walking was much more pleasant than riding in a trolley or taxi, a dime would pay all taxes at a nickelodeon where one gets all the thrills of the wild west, another dime would bring two tall glasses of vanilla soda, and there would still be a nickel to jingle while walking home with her, and which would later pay for a ride back uptown.

Quite simple wasn't it? But alas the good old days are gone. The tobacco dealers are shortly going to give the S. O. S. signal (save our skins) and then the Havana perfectos will be 15 or 16 cents straight. This will mean that he will have to hoof it home or else revert to a cheaper brand of stogie.

According to rumors that are current just now, all kinds of smoking and chewing tobacco is scheduled to take a rise in price. Retailers claim that cigars that formerly cost $40 per thousand have advanced to $45.

There is one good thing about it, however. The majority of us will now have a good excuse to quit smoking and take a real earnest resolution on New Year's Day.

KNOCKED DOWN BY AUTO

Little Gilbert Eddy Slightly Injured Yesterday Afternoon.

While attempting to cross the street in front of his home, near Front and Church streets shortly before 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Gilbert, the little 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Eddy, of No. 507 South Front street, was knocked down and slightly injured by a south bound automobile.

The occupants of the car took the little fellow to his home, where Dr. J. W. Hooper was called. The car was proceeding at a slow rate of speed, and from accounts of eye witnesses the accident seemed to be entirely unavoidable. The fender of the car struck the little boy near the left shoulder. The occupants of the car were three young men and three young women.

Sling Shots Cause Annoyance.

Residents living in the vicinity of Second and Walnut streets made complaint to the police yesterday of the persistent use of sling shots by a number of small boys which, they stated caused them much annoyance. The police are keeping a close watch for youthful offenders of this sort and it is not improbable that several fathers will be called on to administer the proper kind of punishment to the boys.

Every Woman

Should have a b[illegible]ccount, and the excellent facilities afforded in our Ladies Department makes banking at this bank a pleasure for them. On all accounts of $5.00 and over we pay 4 % Interest, Compounded Quarterly.

We would be pleased to have you begin here with $1.00 or more.

—"OLD AND STRONG"—

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

COR. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

BANKS SHOW BIG INCREASE

Wilmington is the financial center and clearing house for the Carolinas. The local institutions have direct dealings with almost every bank in the two States. The banking institutions of this city are all strong and able to finance any legitimate business needs of the community. Below is given a comparison of the increase of the banking business in Wilmington for eight years, which shows that the capital and surplus of the Wilmington banks have increased practically one million dollars, while for the same period the deposits have increased approximately four and one-half million dollars.

STATEMENT FOR 1908.	Capital and Surplus	Deposits
Murchison National Bank.	$ 855,424.85	$3,034,185.35
Wilmington Savings & Trust Company	223,439.41	1,316,682.24
People's Savings Bank..	102,345.00	901,058.56
Southern National Bank.	329,537.68	1,285,261.57
American National Bank	92,296.35	143,261.18
Atlantic Trust & Banking Company	86,991.62	626,360.45
	$1,690,034.91	$7,306,809.35

STATEMENT FOR 1916.	Capital and Surplus	Deposits
Murchison National Bank.	$1,715,025.03	$5,458,712.80
American Bank & Trust Company	228,471.50	2,174,709.45
Wilmington Savings & Trust Company	390,973.89	2,515,243.08
People's Savings Bank..	180,394.22	1,287,989.20
Home Savings Bank....	55,479.50	263,421.67
Citizens Bank	50,655.64	34,062.71
	$2,624,002.78	$11,734,133.91

Increase in eight years .....$ 933,967.87 $4,427,329.56

—From Wilmington Chamber of Commerce "Bulletin."

You Know You Have the Best that money can buy or that science can produce in condiments, when you serve Lea & Perrins' Sauce.

Lea & Perrins SAUCE

The only original Worcestershire Sauce
Send postal for free kitchen hanger containing 100 new recipes
LEA & PERRINS, Hubert Street, New York City

Men's and Young Men's

New Fall Suits and Overcoats

Whoever said that clothes make the man seems to have hit it right. If they don't, they certainly go a long way toward helping to make him, because on the clothes that he wears depends upon how the people he knows as well as the people he don't know, "size him up."

In this splendid Fall stock the young man as well as the man more advanced in years will find a suit or an overcoat—lots of them—that will stand "sizing up," and at a price, quality considered, much lower than he least expects.

The Suits are in plain and belted models, in two- and three-button effects; one-half and full silk-lined; in serges, worsteds, cassimeres, cheviots, etc.; all sizes.

Young Men's Pinch-Back Suits; newest French Flannel patterns; hand-tailored. . . **$17.00**

Men's 18-ounce Blue Serge Suits; best grade serge, that can be put into a suit; conservative model for young or old men; priced **$17.00**

Men's Dark Worsted Suits; neat patterns; just right for a business suit; hand-tailored; guaranteed to hold their shape; regulars, stouts and slims. Priced **$17.00**

Young Men's Fine Worsted Suits; all the new novelty effects; $18.00 values; Priced **$14.95**

Men's Overcoats, all the new models. **$6.50** to **$25.00**

Young Men's Balmacaan and English Model Overcoats . . . . . **$9.95** to **$17.00**

Belk-Williams Company

SOCIAL

The Religious work committee of the Y. W. C. A. will meet this morning at 11 o'clock at the association building.

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The business woman's Bible class of the Y. W. C. A. will meet tonight at 7 o'clock. Mrs. T. P. Noe is the teacher.

• • •

The many friends of Mr. Wm E. Lawson will regret to learn that he was called to Winston-Salem yesterday on account of the serious illness of his father.

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Miss Leona McGeorge, city executive secretary for the South Atlantic Field of the Y. W. C. A., whose headquarters are in Richmond, Va., will arrive in Wilmington tomorrow to spend several days. She will be the guest of Mrs. John R. Kenly.

• • •

The closing service of the series of meetings in observance of the World's Fellowship week was held at the Y. W. C. A. yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock and was largely attended. Mrs. John R. Kenly presided. Interesting addresses were made by Mrs. N. N. Davis, Mrs. John Jeter Hurt, Mrs. Andrew J. Howell, Mrs. F. B. Clausen and Mrs. M. T. Plyler.

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Of interest to many friends in Wilmington has been the announcement of the approaching marriage of Miss Nellie Edgerton, a prominent society woman of Goldsboro to Dr. Chas. F. Strosnider, of Wilmington, the wedding to take place on Wednesday, November 29. Miss Edgerton is a daughter of Capt. J. B. Edgerton, a wealthy business man of Goldsboro. Dr. Strosnider is a well known young physician in Wilmington, who has been practicing here for a number of years.

• • •

Miss Florence Harper Potter, daughter of Capt. L. D. Potter, of Wilmington, and Mr. A. Mortimer Prall, son of Mr. and Mrs. Anning F. Prall, of Westerleigh, Staten Island, N. Y., will be married on Thursday evening in the Dutch Reformed church at Port Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y. The bride-to-be has a host of friends in Wilmington and is a very accomplished young woman. The bride-to-be is a prominent young business man of Staten Island, and his bride will make their home in Fort Richmond.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Among the arrivals at The Wilmington yesterday were: L. F. Denton, Rocky Mount; J. W. Haygood, Lithonia.

—Among the arrivals at The Orton Hotel yesterday were: W. M. Thompson, Jacksonville; L. B. Brice, C. K. Moore, Wallace.

—Mrs. R. P. Walker, and little daughter, Ella Male, of Goldsboro, have returned home after spending two weeks with Mrs. Walker's sister, Mrs. J. D. Walker, at Carolina Place.

—Major Francis N. Cooke, who has for the past year been stationed at Fort Caswell, has been transferred to the coast defenses near New Orleans. Major Cooke is a son of Judge Cooke of the North Carolina Superior Court bench.

—Mr. W. S. Clayton, deputy collector of customs at the local port, is attending the annual convention of Custom Collectors, which convenes in New York today. An address by Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo, will be one of the principal features of the convention.

ADJUTANT AND MRS. YATES IN AUGUSTA FOR FEW DAYS

Former Augustans Given Cordial Welcome by Friends In Georgia City

Speaking of a visit of Adjutant and Mrs. James Yates, who have charge of the Salvation Army work in Wilmington, the Augusta, (Ga), Chronicle in a recent issue says:

"Adjutant James Yates and Mrs. Yates, of Wilmington, N. C., arrived in the city yesterday for a visit of a few days with their countless Augusta friends and three of their children who reside here. They are stopping at the Hotel Genesta.

"For several years Adjutant and Mrs. Yates were in charge of the Salvation Army post in Augusta, but several months ago were removed to Wilmington. Their eldest daughter is a nurse at the University Hospital, another daughter is at the Tubman, and their son, Theodore Yates, is a student at the Medical College.

"During their residence in Augusta Adjutant and Mrs. Yates endeared themselves to numerous friends in all walks of life. They did a great work among the poor classes of the city, and many Augusta hearts were saddened when these good people and valuable citizens were removed to another field of endeavor."

REVIVAL AT DELL SCHOOL.

Rev. J. A. Sullivan Conducted Very Successful Meeting Last Week.

Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, returned Saturday from Sampson county, where during the past week he conducted a very successful series of evangelistic services at the Dell school. There were about 30 professions of faith among the students, practically everyone of 130 now enrolled at the institution being Christians.

One of the very impressive services near the close of the revival was in response to the invitation extended for all those who would give themselves to the gospel ministry or to some form of missionary work, should the way be open to the, when practically the entire student body, including all members of the faculty came forward.

Mr. Sullivan found that this school is doing splendid work. The teachers are all Christian men and women, who are working with unselfish zeal for the welfare of the students under their care, and they are meeting with splendid success.

MANY CHURCHES REPORT

Attendance at Sunday Schools Yesterday Well Up to the Average.

The attendance at the Wilmington Sunday schools, which made reports yesterday, was well up to the standard and in some instances was much larger than usual. Not all the Sunday schools made reports but those that did are given herewith: Bladen Street Methodist 124; Castle Heights Methodist 42; Fifth Avenue Methodist 183; First Presbyterian 245; St. Andrew's 203; Immanuel Presbyterian 215; Delgado Presbyterian 121; Pearsall Memorial 46; Delgado Baptist 128; First Baptist 402; Calvary Baptist 173; Church of the Good Shepherd 178; Church of the Ascension 66; St. Paul's Lutheran 211.

RAILROAD Y. M. C. A. WILL SEEK 30,000 NEW MEMBERS

Arrangements Now Completed for a Continental Campaign.

New York, Nov. 19.—It is announced that arrangements are complete for a continental campaign of the Railroad Department of the Y. M. C. A. to get 30,000 new members in 10 days time, a feat which if accomplished will establish a remarkable record. The campaign will begin on Tuesday, November 14, and end on Friday, November 24.

The membership committee which has been formed to carry out the campaign is one of the most formidable ever organized for a similar prupose, including 10,000 men representing every phase of railroad life, from company presidents down to the track walkers. Dr. John P. Munn, chairman of the committee, and John F. Moore, senior railroad secretary of the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A., have established headquarters in this city from which the campaign will be diretced upon more 350 railroad centers throughout the United States.

Daily during the progress of the campaign Secretary Moore will receive reports from division commanders showing the number of men enrolled for the day, and the assembled total will be telegraphed daily to all points to keep the thousands of works informed of their combined success. Railroad and brotherhood officials are cooperating in the movement, which if successful will give the railroad department of the Y. M. C. A. a membership of over 90,000, making it the largest railroad organization of any kind in the world.

It is said that there is an intense rivalry on the eve of the campaign between the East and West. Great quantities of literature descriptive of the campaign have been distributed and thousands of posters tacked to freight cars all over the country. In following up the campaign the committee on assimilation will attempt to get every new member in line with ideals of the organization and serve to help each find in it the great service possible.

DESERTED INDIAN VILLAGE NOW A NATIONAL MONUMENT

Thirty-Eight Acre Tract In Alaska Under Government Protection

Washington Nov. 19.—The "Old Kasaan National Monument", consisting of 38 acres within the Tongass National Forest, Alaska, has just been created by Presidential proclamation as a result of recommendations made by the Secretary of Agriculture. The tract embraces the well-known abandoned Haida Indian village of Old Kasaan, situated on Prince of Wales Island in Southeastern Alaska, about thirty miles west of Ketchikan.

The village was abandoned by the Indians about ten years ago. Among of which are classer as exceedingly good specimens. In the deserted village there are also eight large square buildings which were originally constructed according to the peculiar plan of the Haida Indians, and which, it is stated by those best qualified to know, represent the best specimens of Haida architecture that now exists. The largest of these buildings is approximately 40 by 60 feet in size and is made entirely of round and carved timbers. There also remain a number of Indian graves with the typical small grave houses erected by the Alaskan Indians.

Since the village was abandoned by the Indians the buildings have been rapidly falling into a state of dilapidation and decay, and a certain amount of vandalism by tourists and souvenir hunters renders some form of protection essential. An examination of the Interior Department, and reports strongly urging the establishment of a National Monument were approved by the Secretaries of both Departments. The Smithsonian Institution strongly endorsed the proposition for the establishment of a National Monument. The new National Monument will be protected and administer by the Forest Service, as is the case with all monuments located within the National Forests.

CONSIDER PLANS TO COMBAT INCREASING JUVENILE CRIME

Is Considered Urgent and Difficult Problem in England.

London, Nov. 19.—Plans are being considered to combat the great increase in juvenile crime which has become more apparent since the commencement of war. Home Secretary Samuel met about 50 leading representatives of boys and girls brigade organizations to discuss what he described as a very urgent and very difficult problem. The King and Queen had expressed their grave concern at the increase of juvenile offenses and hoped that adequate measures be takn to dal with the evil.

Mr. Samuels thought the war had encouraged the spirit of adventure among the boys, darkened streets gave facilities for wrong-doing and in the absence of so many millions of fathers on war service there had been a weakening of home influence. It had been found that the influence of some moving picturs encouraged the spirit of lawlessness and he proposed to establish a central official censorship of all motion picture plays which he hoped might check some of the abuses.

At the same time he thought much of the trouble arise for misdirected energy and proposed to carefully consider various suggestions which were put forward by the representatives of the organizations and by Sir R. Baden-Powell, organizer of the Boy Scout movement.

CHANGES IN SHERIFF'S STAFF

Messrs. Reynolds and Branch Are Slated to Lose Out Under New Regime

While Sheriff-elect George C. Jackson has made no official announcement as to his staff of assistents when he assumes the duties of his office next month, it is generally understood that there are to be several changes. According to current rumor, Mr. R. L. Harker is scheduled to succeed Mr. John M. Branch as jailer while Mr. J. J. Rackley is slated to relieve Mr. C. E. Reynolds as deputy.

Messrs. M. Cronly and A. L. Kelly of the present staff are picked to remain in harness under the new regime. Of the new men, Mr. Harker is now employed as foreman at the Jackson & Bell Bindery and Mr. Rackley is foreman in one of the departments of the Delgado mills.

San Benito, Texas, Nov. 19. — The defending "white" army today repulsed the "brown" army the theoretical enemy in the war game between the refending forces and the "enemy" troops who are supposed to have invaded the United States from the Gulf. Supported by heavy reinforcements the 'white' army forced the "invaders" to retreat dve miles to San Benito.

PROPOSES BILLION DOLLAR FUND FOR WAR SUFFERERS

Myron T. Herrick Advocates Systematic Philanthropic Organization.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—The systematic organization of all the philanthropic forces of the Union States to raise a fund of a billion dollars under governmental supervision for the relief of sufferers in all the warring nations of Europe was advocated by Myron T. Herrick, former ambassador to France, in an address delivered here tonight at the home of E. T. Stotesburg. His audience included about 200 men and women whose combined wealth is said to run into the hundreds of millions. Motion pictures showing the work of the ambulance field service and the Aemrican aviators in France were shown.

WILL PROPOSE ELECTION OF PRESIDENT BY DIRECT VOTE

Senator Chamberlain to Introduce Proposed Amendment

Portland, Ore., Nov. 19.—Senator Chamberlain, who left tonight for Washington, announced that at the coming session of Congress he will introduce a proposed constitutional amendment providing for the election of the President by direct vote of the people. His intention, he said, is to get the amendment under way promptly, so that it may become effective for the next presidential election.

WOMAN HEADS SCHOOL.

Is Appointed Superintendent by Magistrate in Berlin.

Berlin, Nov. 19. — The first woman ever to be named as head of a municipal Berlin school has just been selected by the magistrate as superintendent of the new "Girls' Middle School," which supports the old "Higher Girls' School" of Kaun-Eupel.

Frau Goerke, who comes from Frau-stadt, in Silesia, and is but 33 years old, was recommended to the magistrate by a deputation which studied the needs of the new school and the fitness of prospective heads for it. She has already had successful experience in administering schools. Her sex, however, has up to now been barred from such positions in the capital.

NEW AMERICAN RECORD FOR CROSS-COUNTRY FLIGHT

New York, Nov. 19.—Flying from Chicago to Hornell, N. Y., a distance of 590 miles, in an air line, Miss Ruth Law established today a new American record for a non-stop cross country airplane journey, the Aero Club of America announced here tonight.

"Miss Law deserves great credit for this flight," said a statement issued by Alan R. Hawley, president of the Aero Club. "She has made an extraordinary record."

Berlin, Nov. 19. — An "Exposition of War Superstitions" is the latest novelty which is to be opened in Berlin, and at which are to be exhibited many of the odd amulets, coins and alleged luck-bringing objects which soldiers on both sides of the conflict still wear or carry despite the fact that this is the Twentieth century.

EAT LESS MEAT IF BACK HURTS

Take a Glass of Salts to Flush Kidneys If Bladder Bothers You—Drink Lots of Water.

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well-known authority, because the uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish; clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days, and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney disease.

FINE BRICK ROADS.

Craven County to Soon Boast of Nine Miles of This Type.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New Bern, Nov. 19. — Nine miles of the finest brick roads to be found anywhere in the South is just what Craven county is going to be able to boast of pretty soon, and one mile of this has already been completed and the work on the remaining section is being rapidly rushed to completion.

Four and one-half miles of this brick road is to be placed on the Trent road, and four and a half miles is to be constructed on what is known as the Vanceboro road.

The people of Craven county have come to the conclusion that, even though the initial cost of brick roads is more than that of those of other types, they are the very best that can be constructed and within the course of the next five years, it is predicted that every prominent county road in Craven will be of brick.

DEMANDS SURRENDER OF GREEK ARMS AND MUNITIONS

Athens via London, Nov. 19.—Vice Admiral Fournet, commander of the Anglo-French fleet in the Mediterranean, last night presented to the Greek government a note demanding the surrender to the Entente Allies of all arms, munitions and artillery of the Greek army, with the exception of some 50,000 rifles now in actual use by the forces remaining after the last step of demobilization.

ON INSPECTION TRIP

General Scrivener Goes to Colonia Dubian, Mex., In Aeroplane

San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 19.—Brigadier General George P. Scrivener, chief signal officer of the United State army journeyed by aeroplane yesterday from Columbus, N. M., to Colonia Dublan, Mex., on an inspection trip to the American punitive expedition. He is first general officer to make the trip through the air.

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To Be Opened Up

TODAY

A. D. BROWN

STOP CALOMEL! TAKE DODSON'S LIVER TONE

New Discovery! Takes Place of Dangerous Calomel—It Puts Your Liver To Work Without Making You Sick—Eat Anything—It Can Not Salivate—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

I discovered a vegetable compound that does the work of dangerous, sickening calomel and I want every reader of this paper to try a bottle and if it doesn't straighten you up better and quicker than salivating calomel just go back to the store and get your money.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your thirty feet of bowels of the sour bile and constipation poison which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable.

I guarantee that one spoonful of this harmless liquid liver medicine will relieve the headache, biliousness, coated tongue, ague, malaria, sour stomach or any other distress caused by a torpid liver as quickly as a dose of vile, nauseating calomel, besides it will not make you sick or keep you from a day's work. I want to see a bottle of this wonderful liver medicine in every home here.

Calomel is poison—it's mercury—it attacks the bones, often causing rheumatism. Calomel is dangerous. It sickens—while my Dodson's Liver Tone is safe, pleasant and harmless. Eat anything afterwards, because it can not salivate. Give it to the children because it doesn't upset the stomach or shock the liver. Take a spoonful tonight and wake up feeling fine and ready for a full day's work.

Get a bottle! Try it! If it doesn't do exactly what I say, tell your dealer to hand your money back. Every druggist and store keeper here knows me and knows of my wonderful discovery of a vegetable medicine that takes the place of dangerous calomel.

New Fiction

HAVE YOU READ THESE?

LADY CONNIE
By Mrs. Humphrey Ward.

LOVE AND LUCY
By Maurice Hewlett.

MR. BRITLING SEES IT THROUGH
By H. G. Wells.

THE ROMANCE OF A CHRISTMAS CARD
By Kate Douglas Wiggin.

THE TRUFFLERS
By Merwin.

PARADISE GARDEN
By Geo. Gibbs.

MARY 'GUSTA
By Lincoln.

NAN PROPOSES
By Robinson.

THE CAREER OF KATHERINE BUSH
By Elinor Glyn.

And Many Others. Call and See Them.

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The wind can howl at the eaves, and the frost spin traceries on the window panes—but not a single chill gets near the youngster. For his bath, beside his crib; your own dressing, a cozy breakfast table—get a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater.

It's quick to heat, durable, dependable. Inexpensive to buy and to use. As easy to carry about as a work-basket, and good-looking wherever you leave it. The comfort insurance today of more than 2,000,000 homes. Ask any good department store, furniture or hardware dealer.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

CLEWS' BUSINESS REVIEW

War Finance and Inflation In Securities Market Continue—Stocks Confused—Trade Thriving.

(Special Star Correspondence)

New York, Nov. 19.—War finance and war inflation continue to be the important factor in the security markets. Great Britain, France and Russia are each standing at the door of our vaults asking for funds to help carry on the war. Great Britain has just completed a $300,000,000 collateral loan, and another big loan probably on a credit basis is not many months distant. France recently negotiated a $50,000,000 credit in this market, and both these nations are said to be considering the early feasibility of selling Exchequer and Treasury bills, which American bankers would undoubtedly be willing to handle. The Russian Government will also issue next week about $25,000,000 of its new $50,000,000 loan.

These operations are not loans in the ordinary sense of the term, and are small operations compared with the huge war bills of these nations, being chiefly utilized to pay for the immense quantities of munitions ordered in this country. The latest British transaction is another collateral loan which will probably tie up large blocks of foreign-owned American securities for a considerable period, thus lessening foreign liquidation. The next British loan promises to be a strictly credit operation. These foreign demands for loans bid fair to continue, since there is no sign of an early termination of the war, and both sides are displaying more and more resolution and preparing for an even more desperate conflict with the opening of spring. War contracts, for which this country is the chief outside supply, must continue; and payment will have to be made in borrowed money.

If we want the contracts—and we do—we will be obliged to accept the loans; and the effect of these continued huge demands upon our capital market must be taken into serious consideration when fore-casting our financial future. Home requirements for capital, it should be noted, are increasing prodigiously; our industrial plants and railroads needing large sums for imperative improvements and expansion. A great deal of new capital is already being furnished out of current large profits, although in many instances these cannot be depended upon for meeting such demands, especially in case of railroads and other corporations which are not profiting abnormally from the war. There are vast amounts of capital seeking investment, but the combined requirements of domestic and foreign origin are far beyond all precedent and must soon tend to reduce our supply.

Inevitably capital will ask and obtain better terms, and interest rates must consequently rise in due course of time. Such a movement will naturally be slow and its workings cannot be always discernible, but the trend in that direction is unmistakable and unavoidable. One result of these conditions is the weaker undertone of foreign bonds owing also to continued enormous offerings.

Stock market conditions are greatly confused by the variety of extraordinary movements. There is no doubt about there being considerable liquidation in some of the industrials which have risen to dizzy heights, or that stocks are steadily passing from strong into weaker hands; also that the technical position of the market is not so invulnerable as it was six months ago. On the other hand there is no abatement in industrial activity; demand for commodities in almost all directions exceeding supply as a result of the waste of war. The scarcity of food is emphasized by efforts of European governments to control supplies, to keep down prices and to avert consequent public discontent. In our own country the increased cost of food threatens social and political disturbance; and no relief can be anticipated until the next harvest. It matters little whether the farmer or the middleman is gaining most by high prices. The consumer is paying the bills, and relief can only be obtained by increased production or decreased consumption, the latter merely a partial means of relief through economy or substitution. The same condition of scarcity exists in other divisions of industry than agriculture, even in a more marked degree though the effects are less disturbing than when the human stomach begins to suffer. Steel prices have again been advanced and steel rails, which nobody eats but everybody uses, touched $40, a rise of $5. As a result the upward movement in steel shares received a fresh impetus. Copper also advanced into higher altitudes; cotton followed in the same track, and so the circle continues its unbroken swing. As before said, there is nothing yet in sight to stop this rise in commodities except exhausted buying power or increased supplies, neither of which are much in evidence at this time. Nevertheless, reactionary symptoms are not wholly absent. Increased costs are already having the double effect of emphasizing economy among consumers and diminishing producers' returns. In all probability abnormal profits have about reached their zenith; the increased costs of labor, materials, transportation, etc., being an offset of growing importance. A fresh complication developed this week in the movement of the railroads to test the constitutionality of the Adamson railroad bill in the Supreme Court of the United States, the outcome of which must remain in doubt for weeks to come. A strike, however, seems improbable, for the reason that it would incur widespread public disapproval and both sides are interested in having the law interpreted by the highest authority in the land.

The two sets of conditions under which this market is operating may be summarized as follows: In favor of an advance: continuance of the war, high prices for commodities, big profits of munition industrials, abundant capital and credit, a clearer domestic political outlook and a rising speculative fever. Against the advance: insistent inside liquidation, pressure of foreign holdings, continued big offerings of foreign loans, rising costs of production and operation in all directions, necessity of new economies, impaired buying power of many consumers and danger of international complications. With such a conflicting outlook, the market promises sharp fluctuations and continued activity.

HENRY CLEWS.

COTTON GINNED IN STATE

Director Rodgers of the Census Announces Report by Counties of Ginning up to November 1.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Washington, Nov. 19.—Director Sam. L. Rogers, of the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce, announces the preliminary report of cotton ginned by counties, in North Carolina, for the crops of 1916 and 1915. The report was made public for the State as a whole on Wednesday, November 8. Quantities in running bales, counting round as half bales, are as follows:

County	1916	1916
Alamance	290	111
Alexander	133	331
Anson	16,926	16,294
Beaufort	6,638	5,110
Bertie	6,379	4,337
Bladen	3,850	5,731
Cabarrus	3,436	6,226
Camden	2,529	1,864
Carteret	1,006	841
Catawba	1,023	2,061
Chatham	3,002	3,071
Chowan	3,970	2,474
Cleveland	4,965	11,744
Columbus	2,896	5,459
Craven	3,884	3,297
Cumberland	10,121	11,127
Davidson	307	251
Davie	284	274
Duplin	6,653	5,961
Duram	240	259
Edgecombe	15,612	12,188
Franklin	6,705	6,396
Gaston	1,440	3,740
Gates	2,794	2,045
Granville	669	590
Greene	6,056	5,245
Halifax	16,393	11,678
Harnett	11,240	11,080
Hertford	2,093	1,296
Hoke	5,961	9,037
Iredell	1,806	3,158
Johnston	21,822	21,247
Jones	3,451	3,691
Lee	2,713	3,250
Lenoir	8,258	6,930
Lincoln	1,077	2,816
Martin	5,035	3,919
Mecklenburg	5,791	11,846
Montgomery	1,515	2,202
Moore	881	1,503
Nash	14,643	10,585
Northampton	9,216	6,322
Onslow	3,065	3,210
Orange	853	280
Pamlico	3,819	3,683
Pasquotank	3,576	2,196
Perquimans	5,584	3,682
Pitt	14,380	11,429
Randolph	235	171
Richmond	6,275	9,970
Robeson	20,306	24,036
Rowan	1,856	2,174
Rutherford	3,554	5,174
Sampson	13,655	13,083
Scotland	12,516	21,123
Stanly	2,241	4,046
Tyrrell	764	604
Union	11,533	16,155
Vance	2,678	1,874
Wake	13,158	12,892
Warren	6,991	5,349
Washington	1,824	1,566
Wayne	19,753	15,201
Wilson	14,606	10,665
All other	1,095	1,105
Total	381,303	408,198

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Pennsylvanian, 4,046 tons, Tapley, Heide & Co.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,283 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Nov. 13, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—45 1-2c.

ROSIN—$5.60, $5.35.

TAR—$2.60-10 1-2c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$4.00, $4.00, $3.00.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 54½c.; rosin, $5.45 and $5.30; tar, $2.50-11c; crude turpentine, $3.25, $3.25, $2.25.

RECEIPTS:

Spirits Turpentine	(—)
Rosin	29
Tar	11
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 9 casks; rosin, 44 barrels; tar, 42 barrels; crude turpentine, 13 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—20c; quotations same day last year, 11½c.

Receipts—96 bales; same day last year, 154 bales.

Total receipts since August 1 to date, 66,571 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 107,578 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Nov. 19.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, new, 50c to 60c bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$1.40 to $1.50 per bu.

CORN—$2.00 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 9c. to 10c.

PORK—Small, 10c. to 12c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 20 to 22½; first class wool, 28 to 35; highest grade, washed wool, 38c.

SHEEP—Old, good quality, gross, 2 1-2 to 3c pound. Lambs, best quality, 6 to 7c pound.

HIDES—Green salt, 15c. to 16c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 23 to 25c.; sides and shoulders, 18c. to 19c. per lb.; good demand.

BEESWAX — Firm, 28c. per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Turkeys, 18c to 20c on foot; dressed, 22c to 25c lb.; chickens, grown, 45c to 50c; spring, 20c to 35c head.

EGGS—32c dozen.

New Bern, N. C., Nov. 19.—Ed Zello, a well known wrestler who came to New Bern several weeks ago, has located at Raleigh and is now meeting all comers in that city. Zello is a clever sort of chap and has a number of friends in New Bern who are glad to know that he is making good.

METALS FEATURED TRADING

Two Elements Were Responsible For Last Week's Furiously Active Financial Market.

New York, Nov. 19.—According to reports current in the financial district the opposing elements in last week's furiously active market were composed of eastern traders or professionals who seem desirous of effecting lower prices and western or interior speculative interests who were strongly committed to higher values. The net result was almost wholly in favor of the latter contingent, a greater number of new records and substantial gains having been made than at any similar period since the inception of the war.

An overwhelming percentage of the trading centered around the steel and copper shares, the latter being the outstanding features of the final three sessions, in which daily transactions averaged or exceeded 2,000,000 shares. All available supplies of copper for the next half year are already marketed to domestic and foreign consumers, chiefly the latter at prices seldom if ever before quoted.

Conditions scarcely less favorable apply to manufactured steel and iron Leading mills continue to operate at full capacity on a further upward revision of price schedules. The event of the week in this connection was the additional five dollar advance in steel rails. Numerous new, increased and extra dividends were declared and holders of other stocks, notably the more active industrials, are expected to receive like benefits before the end of the year.

Renewal of antagonism between organized labor and railroad executives over the eight-hour day law accorded more than any other factor for the comparative heaviness of railway shares. The restoration of Chesapeake and Ohio to a fair dividend status and the approaching discharge of the Rock Island receivership, were sustaining features.

New foreign undertakins also marked the busy week, including a large unsecured Russian credit, loans for alleviation purposes to French municipalities and a small loan by an interior financial institution to the Chinese goverment. Negotiations also are proceeding for a large unsecured loan on a short term basis to great Britain.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans, Nov. 19.—Cotton retained its upward tendency last week and futures were forced above the 20-cent level for all trading months on this market. The highest quotation was made by July at 19.71. This was the highest future price ever recorded on the local exchange. Spots rose a cent a pound to 20 cents for middling.

The net change for the week was a rise of 103 to 108 points. The market was at its lowest Monday and at its highest Friday. At its best prices ware 113 to 117 points over the previous week's close.

The continued strength of the spot situation, large consumption by American mills during October, small crop estimates and expectations of small ginning figures in the report due from the Census Bureau next Tuesday encouraged higher values. Late in the week realizing brought about a moderate reaction.

Estimates of the ginning report this week run all the way from 900,000 to 1,100,000 bales ginner for the period to November 13. Probably the average trader looks for about 1,000,000 bales. Anything around 900,000 bales will stimulate buying while anything above 1,000,000 will have the tendency to increase liquidation.

The trade this week also will give increased attention to the probable size of this season's crop because of the approach of the government's annual estimate of the yield. The spot department will be watched closely. Bears believe high prices ultimately will check consumption which bulls think spinners will take every bale the growers will let them have, even at still higher prices.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Nov. 19.—North Carolina peanuts: new crop, farmers stock, fancy handpicked, $1.00; No. 1 machine, 92c. per bushel.

Virginia peanuts, farmers' stock, new crop, Jumbos, 66c; fancy handpicked, 60c; No. 1 machine picked, 55c.

Spanish peanuts, farmers' stock, new crop, No. 1, small, machine picked, $1.10; Jumbos, $1.00 per bushel.

London, Nov. 19.—Lloyd's today reported the sinking of two British steamships, the Lady Carrington, 3,920 gross tons, and the Vasco, 1,914 gross tons, and the Portuguese steamer Sanicola.

Healthy Motherhood Means A Healthy Baby.

The foundation of a perfect baby is its mother's health during the months preceding expectancy, and nothing can take the place of "Mother's Friend" in assuring her of pleasant and comfortable conditions, and assisting nature in its work during this period. "Mother's Friend" has helped thousands through this trying ordeal in perfect safety. "Mother's Friend" is an external remedy easily applied. Get it at any druggist.

A free book on Motherhood will be sent all expectant mothers, it is a valuable and interesting book you should have. Send for one. Address

The Bradfield Regulator Co., 212 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

November 20, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 36 degrees; at 8 P. M., 49 degrees; maximum, 60 degrees; minimum, 35 degrees; mean, 48 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .35 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 2.6 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Fair Monday and Tesuday; moderate temperature.

The Port Calendar, Nov. 20, 1916.

Sun rises ..... 6:50 A. M.
Sun sets ..... 5:06 P. M.
Day's length ..... 10 hrs. 16 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	5:40	5:57	12:35	1:00
Southport	3:13	3:29	9:44	10:03
Masonboro Inl	3:02	3:18	9:24	9:43

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

November 19, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	72	—	.0
Asheville	clear	54	26	.0
Atlanta	clear	58	36	.0
Augusta	clear	64	34	.0
Baltimore	clear	54	—	.0
Birmingh	clear	64	32	.0
Boston	clear	50	—	.0
Charleston	clear	62	40	.0
Charlotte	clear	58	28	.0
Chicago	clear	56	—	.0
Galveston	clear	68	50	.0
Jacksonv	clear	66	46	.0
Memphis	clear	64	—	.0
Mobile	clear	64	40	.0
Montgom'y	clear	62	34	.0
New Orl	clear	68	48	.0
New York	clear	50	—	.0
Oklahoma	clear	68	—	.0
Palestine	clear	68	44	.0
Pittsburg	clear	52	—	.0
Raleigh	clear	58	32	.0
Savannah	clear	64	40	.0
Shreveport	clear	66	—	.0
St. Louis	clear	68	—	.0
Washing'n	clear	56	—	.0

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Nov. 19.—Spanish—Farmers' stock; market firm. New stock, $1.30 per bu.

Virginias — Farmers' stock: Market firm.

New stock—Fancy Jumbo, 4 1-4c per lb.; Extra Prime, 3 3-4c per lb; Prime, 3 1-2c per lb; Shelling stock, 3c to 3 1-4c per lb.

Mr. C. H. Cothran, Dixon, N. C., SAYS:

"I was FALLING OFF RALF POUND EVERY day until I began taking HYPOGEN, and it not only STOPPED me from losing weight, but the LAST 8 days that I was taking the FIRST bottle I gained SIX pounds."

Mr. Cothran had us to ship him by express TWO more bottles of HYPOGEN.

Another party said: "I took 14 bottles of a certain remedy very extensively advertised and as long as I took it, it made me feel good. But, Oh, the ALL GONE feeling when I quit taking it. There is no ALL gone feeling about Hypogen. ONE bottle of Hypogen will DO MORE GOOD than 14 bottles of the WELL ADVERTISED medicine referred to.

There are MANY others like the two above quoted.

HYPOGEN will tone the nerves, strengthen you and INCREASE your weight. $1.00 the bottle.

Come to our store, get a FREE weigh on our wonderful scales, buy a bottle of Hypogen and watch the results.

Money back, if not satisfactory. On the market 18 years.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO,

SALE OF O. H. MATTER.

The SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY will sell at Public Auction, for Cash, to the Highest Bidder, on December 2, 1916, Unclaimed Matter which has been on hand six months or more.

Sale conducted by F. W. PEIFFER, on vacant lot next to the Murchison National Bank, Wilmington, N. C., beginning at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

W. BUCKNER, Superintednent. J. W. SMITH. Agent.

COAL
BUILDERS' SUPPLIES
STORAGE
W. B. THORPE & COMPANY

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
28--30 GARRELL BUILDING
WILMINGTON, N. C.

HOROWITZ JUNK SHOP
The Oldest. Most Reliable.
PRICES ARE NOW AT THE HIGHEST.
All Kinds of Rags, Tires Rubber, Metals and Rope.
109 S. WATER ST. 'PHONE 800-W.

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER
16 shares Dixie Fire Insurance Co.
10 Greensboro Loan and Trust Co.
5 shares Arctic Ice and Coal Co.
2 Guilford Realty and Insurance Co.
500 shares Goose Grease Co., 8 p. c. pfd.
2000 Goose Grease Co., common stock.
Prices and Information on Application. Write Us a Line.
We buy Whole Issues of Bonds. Write Us What You Have for Sale.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., Nov. 11th.
Steamship Cherokee, Wed., Nov. 22nd.
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Tues., Nov. 14th.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., Nov. 25th.
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., Nov. 18th.
Steamship Cherokee, Wed., Nov. 29th.
Steamship Cherokee carries First Class Passengers Only.
CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO,
C. J. BECKER, Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
Excursion Fares
FROM WILMINGTON
OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

$17.75—Palatka, Fla.
Account Annual Convention, National Farmers' Union. Tickets will be sold November 19 and 20, limited returning until November 30.

$3.00—New Bern, N. C.
Account Institution Sudan Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S. Tickets will be sold November 21 and 22, limited returning until November 24.

$7.20—Richmond, Va.
Account Thanksgiving Day Foot Ball Game—U. N. C. vs. U. V.—Tickets will be sold for all trains on Nov. 29th and for the 3:40 A. M. train November 30th, limited returning December 2nd.

$4.30—Raleigh, N. C.
Account North Carolina Teachers' Assembly. Tickets will be sold for all trains Nov. 27th to December 1st, inclusive, limited returning until December 3rd.

$16.85—Washington, D. C.
Account National Rivers and Harbors Congress. Tickets will be sold December 3, 4 and 5, limited returning until December 12.

$7.55—Norfolk, Va.
Account Southern Commercial Congress. Tickets will be sold Dec. 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning until Dec. 19.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
'Phone 160.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Effective Monday, September 11th, 1916, Southern Railway announces the present Winston-Salem-Beaufort-Morehead City Pullman Sleeping Car line will be shortened to Winston-Salem-Goldsboro. Pullman Sleeping Car line. This car will leave Winston-Salem at 8:50 P. M. same as at present, and arrive Goldsboro following morning, returning car will leave Goldsboro 10:35 P. M., arriving Winston-Salem following morning.

Present Greensboro-Raleigh Pullman Sleeping Car line will continue to operate.

For full details, reservations, etc., address

J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

THE SOUTHERN SERVES the SOUTH.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Bulletin of Special Round-Trip Rates from Wilmington, N. C.

PALATKA, FLA. $17.75
On sale Dec. 19, 20, limited returning midnight Nov. 30th.

WASHINGTON, D. C. $16.85
On sale Dec. 3, 4, 5, limited returning midnight Dec. 12th.

RALEIGH, N. C. $4.30
On sale Nov. 27 to Dec. 1st., inc., limited returning midnight Dec. 3rd.

NORFOLK, VA. $8.55
On sale Dec. 8 to 11th limited returning midnight Dec. 19th.

For further information, apply
—'Phone 178.—
R. W. WALLACE,
C. T. A., Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

SHE LONGS FOR A JAIL CELL.

Weary Old Woman Asks to be Charged With a Crime.

(From Boston Journal.)

"I am tired of walking the streets and I have no home nor friends," said an aged, respectable appearing woman when she stepped up to the rail in the City Hall Avenue police station.

"Send me away to some place, send me away, even if you have to charge me with some crime to do it, for I am broken in spirit and cannot stand the strain much longer," said the woman.

The woman said she was Carrie Bernard, the adopted daughter of a former police captain of East Boston, who has been dead many years.

So insistent was she on being sent away to a penal institution that she finally told the officers she was intoxicated, but her appearance showed this to be untrue and they would not take action against her.

When the woman became convinced the police could do nothing for her, she left the station house, her head hanging down and her steps dragging

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Hogs weak at 10 to 15c above yesterday's average; bulk 9.15 to 9.85; light 8.50 to 9.70; mixed 9.10 to 10.00; heavy 9.35 to 10.00; rough 9.35 to 9.50; pigs 6.35 to 8.40.

Cattle—Weak; native beef cattle 6.75 to 12.05; Western steers 6.60 to 10.25; stockers and feeders 4.75 to 7.85; cows and heifers 3.75 to 9.50; calves 8.75 to 12.50.

Sheep—Weak; wethers 7.90 to 9.00; ewes 4.35 to 7.80; lambs 9.00 to 11.60.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Nov. 12, 1916. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90 3:40 A.M. Daily except Sunday.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91 1:15 A.M. Daily except Monday.
No. 51 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50 12:20 A.M. Daily.
No. 64 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48 8:00 A. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pullman service.	Daily No. 49 6:05 P.M.
No. 52 8:46 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 53 3:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62 3:05 P.M. Daily	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63 12:30 P.M. Daily
No. 55 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Sleeping cars only between Florence and Columbia, which may be occupied at Columbia until 7:00 A. M.	No. 54 12:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 59 6:30 P.M. Tuesday, Thursday and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60 10:15 A.M. Tuesday, Thursday and Sat. only.
No. 42 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, carrying dining cars; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT OCTOBER 9, 1916.

Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach

AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

EASTBOUND. Leave Electric Center for Winter Park	Leave Electric Center for Wrightsville	Leave Electric Center for Beach	WESTBOUND: Leave Winter Park for Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington.
* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:26 A.M.	* 6:15 A.M.	.....
6:50 A.M.	6:50 A.M.	? 6:50 A.M.	* 7:31 A.M.	* 7:20 A.M.	.....
* 8:00 A.M.	* 8:00 A.M.	.....	8:01 A.M.	7:50 A.M.	7:40 A.M.
8:30 A.M.	8:30 A.M.	8:30 A.M.	* 8:41 A.M.	* 8:30 A.M.	.....
.....	.....	.....	9:36 A.M.	9:25 A.M.	9:15 A.M.
10:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	??10:31 A.M.	??10:20 A.M.	.....
11:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	11:06 A.M.	10:55 A.M.	10:45 A.M.
? 1:00 P.M.	? 1:00 P.M.	? 1:00 P.M.	12:36 P.M.	12:25 P.M.	12:15 P.M.
* 1:10 P.M.	* 1:10 P.M.	*z1:10 P.M.	? 2:06 P.M.	? 1:55 P.M.	? 1:45 P.M.
??1:55 P.M.	??1:55 P.M.	.....	* 2:01 P.M.	* 1:50 P.M.	*x1:45 P.M.
2:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.	.....	??2:36 P.M.	??2:25 P.M.	.....
3:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	??3:11 P.M.	??3:00 P.M.	.....
3:30 P.M.	.....	.....	??3:50 P.M.	.....	.....
??4:10 P.M.	.....	.....	4:06 P.M.	3:55 P.M.	3:45 P.M.
4:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M.	??4:30 P.M.	.....	.....
??4:50 P.M.	.....	.....	??5:10 P.M.	.....	.....
5:30 P.M.	5:30 P.M.	.....	5:36 P.M.	5:25 P.M.	5:15 P.M.
6:10 P.M.	6:10 P.M.	.....	6:11 P.M.	6:00 P.M.	.....
6:40 P.M.	6:40 P.M.	z 6:40 P.M.	6:51 P.M.	6:40 P.M.	.....
7:15 P.M.	7:15 P.M.	.....	7:31 P.M.	7:20 P.M.	x 7:15 P.M.
8:15 P.M.	8:15 P.M.	.....	8:06 P.M.	7:55 P.M.	.....
9:15 P.M.	9:15 P.M.	9:15 P.M.	8:56 P.M.	8:45 P.M.	.....
10:15 P.M.	10:15 P.M.	.....	10:21 P.M.	10:10 P.M.	10:00 P.M.
11:15 P.M.	11:15 P.M.	11:15 P.M.	10:56 P.M.	10:45 P.M.	.....
			12:21 A.M.	12:10 A.M.	12:00 M.

SPECIALS FOR SUNDAYS

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P.M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P.M.

* Daily except Sundays. ? Sundays only.

?? Superseded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.

z Does not go beyond Station No. 3. x Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE (Daily Except Sunday)

Leaves 9th and Orange streets 3:30 P.M. Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P.M.

SHRINERS' SPECIAL SLEEPER.

For the installation of Sudan Temple at New Bern, Wednesday, November 22nd, a special sleeper, or two, if necessary, will be parked in Union Station here Wilmington Tuesday night, November 21st, and may be occupied at and after 10:00 P. M. They will be attached to special train passing Wilmington about 3:40 Wednesday morning, carrying members of Oasis Temple of Charlotte, and will arrive in New Bern at 7:00 A. M. Returning, the cars will likewise be parked at New Bern for occupancy at and after 10:00 P. M. Wednesday, and will leave there at midnight. Passengers may remain in the cars at the Union Station in Wilmington until 7:00 A. M. The railroad fare will be $3.00 for the round trip. Diagrams have been opened and it is important that those contemplating the trip register their names at the earliest practicable moment with either of the undersigned.

W. A. FRENCH, 'Phone 143.
F. M. JOLLY, 'Phone 160.

THANKSGIVING FOOTBALL GAME

U. N. C. vs. U. V.

AT RICHMOND.

For the above occasion the Atlantic Coast Line will sell excursion tickets for all trains on November 29th and for those scheduled to reach Richmond up to 2:10 P. M. November 30th, at $7.20, from Wilmington, limited returning until December 2nd.

Schedules:

Lv. Wilmington— 3:40 A. M. 8:00 A. M. 6:45 P. M.
Ar. Richmond— 2:10 P. M. 7:45 P. M. 5:05 A. M.

For sleeping car accommodations and any further information desired, apply to T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent, 'Phone 160. Wilmington, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective Nov. 12th, 1916.
DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

No. 19—6:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:30 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

No. 20—12:10 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A. H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A. Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,
Certified Public Accountants
Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.
'Phone: 998. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

PRESIDENT AT OPENING COMMERCIAL CONGRESS

This is Expected to Draw Immense Crowd of Southerners.

At Least 50,000 People, It is Estimated, Will Gather at Norfolk Monday, December 11—Atlantic Fleet to be Assembled.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 19.—President Wilson's coming to Norfolk December 11 to participate in the opening programme of the eighth annual convention of the Southern Commercial Congress, following closely upon his re-election, will give an impetus to the Southern invasion of Norfolk that is expected to assemble here that day the largest throng that has ever gathered for an event in Virginia. The day will be literally alive with features of the type calculated to draw crowds from distant as well as nearby cities and the lowest estimate that has been placed upon the expected multitude of visitors on Woodrow Wilson Day is 50,000.

Henry G. Barbee, chairman of the citizens executive committee ,estimates that the four days of the convention will draw to this city between 100,000 and 125,000 visitors . The sixteen state executives of the house of Southern governors have each appointed upwards of 100 official delegates. Governor Stuart, of Virginia, is completing his list, which will include the names of probably 1,000 prominent Virginians. The Southern municipalities, boards of trade, chambers of commerce and other commercial bodies will name upwards of 5,000 delegates. Dr. Clarence J. Owens, of Washington, D. C., managing director of the Southern Commercial Congress, estimates that the number of official delegates will run between 8,000 and 10,000.

Aside from the stellar programme features announced for Wilson Day each of the subsequent days will offer attractions for visitors and when the final count is made it will not be surprising if Chairman Barbee's prediction is realized.

In addition to the convention of the Congress there will be no less than eight other Southern and national bodies simultaneously in annual conference. They are the House of Southern Governors, called to meet by Governor Manning, of South Carolina, the president; Southern Cotton Congress, E. J. Watson, president ; Association of Southern Commercial Secretaries, F. H. Andrews, president; fourth annual convention of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Southern Commercial Congress, Miss Louise G. Lindsley, Nashville, Tenn., president-general; National Association of Commissioners of Agriculture, Hon. B. J. Watson, president; conference on Commercial Education in Relation to Foreign and Domestic Commerce, presided over by Dr. Glen Levin Swigett, assistant secretary-general of the International Scientific Congress; American Commission on Agricultural Organization, United States Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, of Florida, president; National Agricultural, Immigration and Labor conference, called by Hon. William S. Wilson, Secretary of Labor.

President Wilson will arrive from Washington with his party on the presidential yacht Mayflower probably Sunday, December 10, reviewing in Hampton Roads and Norfolk harbor the entire Atlantic fleet, which will constitute the largest armada ever assembled at one time under the American flag. Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels has included in the fleet's winter programme a stay of five days in Hampton Roads as a compliment to the Southern Commercial Congress. The Secretary will delivery an address December 13 at the morning session of the Congress. The fleet is expected to put to sea on the morning of December 14th for target practice off Cape Henry.

The President will make the closing address at the opening session December 11, after which he will review the imposing naval, military, industrial, commercial, civic and social parade. He will be the guest of Norfolk at a dinner at the Monticello Hotel and may go to Cape Henry, where the new $8,000,000 Fort Storey, first defense of the entrance to the Chesapeake, will be built, to attend a public oyster roast. The Mayflower with the presidential party is expected to leave here for Washington the same night, although it is possible the Presidents' stay may be lengthened another day. In the latter event he will review the colossal night water carnival, which will be the most spectacular feature of the convention.

Thin Folks Who Would Be Fat

Increase in Weight Ten Pounds or More.

"I'd certainly give most anything to be able to fat up a few pounds and stay that way," declares every excessively thin man or woman. Such a result is not impossible, despite past failures. Most thin people are victims of malnutrition, a condition which prevents the fatty elements of food from being taken up by the blood as they are, when the powers of nutrition are normal. Instead of getting into the blood, much of the fat and flesh-producing elements stay in the intestines until they pass from the body as waste.

To correct this condition and to produce a healthy, normal, amount of fat, the nutritive processes must be artificially supplied with the power which nature has denied them. This can probably best be accomplished by eating a Sargol tablet with every meal. Sargol is a careful combination of six splendid assimilative agents. Taken with meals they mix with the food to turn the fattening, strength-giving material of what you have eaten into rich, ripe, nourishment for the tissues and blood, and its rapid effect has been in many cases reported remarkable. Reported gains of from ten to twenty-five pounds in a single month are by no means infrequent. Yet its action is perfectly natural and absolutely harmless. Sargol is sold by all druggists everywhere, and every package contains a guarantee of weight increase or money back.—adv.

MONASTIR, EVACUATED BY TEUTONS, SEIZED BY FRANCO-SERBIANS

Continued From Page One).

gaies on the southwest coast of the Atlantic ocean.

According to M. Angot, director of the Weather Bureau, the fluctuations of the barometer yesterday beat all the records of 60 years for quick changes. Snow fell heavily along the British battle front and there were heavy rains and high winds in Paris and other parts of France. The storm beat all records for 20 years on the Mediterranean coast.

EVACULATION OF MONASTIR DOES NOT COME AS SURPRISE

Berlin, Nov. 19.—(By wireless to the Associated Press, via Sayville)—The Macedonian town of Monastir was evacuated during the night by the German and Bulgarian troops who retired to prepared positions further north. They thus withdrew from highly unfavorable positions in the plain where they were exposed to artillery fire from the heights to the south and southeast of the town.

The news of the evacuation of Monastir does not come as a surprise, the Associated Press having been informed some days ago that the question whether Monastir's political importance was great enough to justify the military sacrifices necessary to defend the town was being weighed by the general staff, and that military considerations probably would prevail. Monastir is located at the bottom of a bowl surrounded on all sides by dominating heights. It was therefore tactically extremely unfavorable. Since the opening of the campaign in the Rumanian theatre it was decided not to call upon the defenders for heavy sacrifices and efforts to hold the town itself. It is pointed out in Berlin that Monastir is likely to be a very uncomfortable lace for Entente Allied troops as the new Bulgar-German positions command thetown in the same manner as it was previously commanded by the enemy guns.

FRESH GAINS FOR SERBS SATURDAY IN CERNA REGION

London, Nov. 19.—A Reuter dispatch from Saloniki says that on Saturday the Serbian troops gained fresh victories in the Cerna region, the German-Bulgar forces making a disorderly retreat in the direction of Prilep, north of Monastir.

OCCUPATION OF MONASTIR REGARDED VERY IMPORTANT

Paris, Nov. 19.—News of the occupation by French troops of the Serbian town of Monastir was received in Paris as one of the most important of the late developments of the war.

The Temps points out that the success is not only of immense moral value, but is likely to have a great influence on subsequent developments in the Balkan campaign, as the place commands all the practical routes between the Aegean sea and Adriatic sea. The fall of Monastir, the newspaper says, assures an effective junction of the army at Saloniki and the Italian troops operating in Albania.

BRITISH TROOPS MEET WITH REVERSE IN ANCRE REGION

Berlin, Nov. 19, (via Sayville).—British troops in their new offensive in the Ancre river region of France yesterday met with a sanguinary reverse, gaining at only a few places insignificant pieces of ground, according to the official German statement issued today. The points where the Germans were pushed back, the statement adds, were to the southwest of Serre in Gran Court and in the south of the latter town. French infantry attacks in St. Pierre Vaast wood broke down under heavy losses to the attackers. The text of the statement reads:

"Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: Artillery fire directed for some days against our positions on both sides of the river Ancre made a continuation of the English attack probable.

"Cavalry appearing yesterday behind the hostile front and the enormous increase of fire beginning early in the morning announced a new great attempt to break through our lines. The attempt ended in a sanguinary English reverse and gave them at only a few places an insignificant gain of ground. Troops fighting under the command of General Fuchs and Baron Marchall in tenacious resistance opposed the English thrust.

"Southwest of Serre, in Grand court and at some places south of the village we were pushed back and stand in prepared solid positions on the south bank of the Ancre.

"All the other positions on the repeatedly attacked large front of 12 kilometres (7 1-2 miles) were maintained by our brave troops or were recaptured in a counter attack.

'A strong fire of the French artillery in the sector south of Sailly-Sefilisel introduced attacks which broke down under heavy hostile losses on the northwest edge of St. Pierre Vaast wood."

An official statement issued this evening says:

"There was a temporary strong artillery duel November 19 on both sides of the river Ancre and at St. Pierre Vaast wood.

"In Wallachia (southwestern Rumania) our troops made progress."

FRENCH CAPTURE MONASTIR FROM THE TEUTONIC FORCES

Paris, Nov. 19.—French troops this morning captured from the German and Bulgarian forces the chief southern Serbian town of Monastir, according to an official announcement made this afternoon by the French war department. The text of the statement reads:

"November 19. Troops of the army of the east entered Monastir at 8 o'clock this morning, the date of the anniversary of the taking of the town by the Serbians in 1912."

The French statement reporting operations on the Macedonia front yesterday says:

"November 18: There was great activity by artillery on both sides from Lake Doiran to the Vardar river.

"East of the Cerna river Serbian troops, continuing their progress towards Grunishte, encircled this place.

"In the region south of Monastir the French and Russian troops made new progress in the direction of Hollevan.

"The English aviation corps bombarded enemy camps in the neighborhood of Seres while our airplanes dropped bombs on the camps and bivouacs at Novak and Monastir."

Berlin, Nov. 19. (By Sayville)—Lieutenant General von Stein, the German war minister, today announced that in future special consideration would be given to soldiers whose families had already suffered heavy losses by the war. Likewise, fathers of several children, would not if possible, be employed permanently in the first line.

CHAUTAUQUA OF THE SOUTH IS PROPOSED

Would be Established in Some Central Southern City.

Plans as Announced Yesterday in Washington Are for the Erection of a Plant to Cost Two Million Dollars.

Washington, Nov. 19. — Establishment at some central Southern city of the Chautauqua of the South, similar to the institution that has grown up on the shores of Lake Chautauqua, New York, has been decided on at a conference here of officials of the Southern Conference for Education and Industry at the Chautauqua Institution.

Plans announced today said a plant comparing favorably with that of the parent organization, erected at a cost of $2,000,000, was contemplated to "further the educational progress of the South."

Dr. D. B. Johnson, of Rock Hill, S. C., president of Winthrop Normal and Industrial College, and the retiring president of the National Education Association, was elected president of the new body. Other officers are:

E. J. Willingham, Macon, Ga., treasurer; Dr. A. P. Bourland, executive secretary of the Southern Conference for Education and Industry; Governor Charles Henderson, of Alabama; A. A. Murphree, president of the University of Florida; T. J. Woofter, dean of the department of education, University of Georgia; Dr. Charles E. Welch, Westfield, N. Y.; Judge William L. Ransome, of the New York City Court, and William Dunham Foster, of New York, directors.

The next session of the Southern Conference for Education and Industry will be held in Macon, Ga., next March, and the first assembly of the new Chautauqua will be held at the same time.

MEXICAN CONSTITUTIONALIST CONGRESS CONVENES TODAY

Every State In The Republic Is Said to Be Represented

Laredo, Texas, Nov. 19.—Nearly 200 delegates and deputies to the Mexican constitutionalist congress assembled today at Queretaro, according to telegraphic advices reaching the border tonight. The congress will be called to order tomorrow. Every state in Mexico was said to be represented by twenty or more delegates.

Mexico City, Nov. 19.—Charles B. Parker, the American 'Charge D'Affairs, has been ordered to proceed to Queretaro by the State Department in order to be able to keep in touch with General Carranza who is to reach there Monday or Tuesday.

General Aguilar, minister of foreign affairs, who will be temporary chairman of the constitutionalist convention, which is to be held at Queretaro, has already reached there.

CARRANZA, ON HORSEBACK, REACHES CARRASCO, HIDALGO

Wires General Aguilar to Postpone the Opening of Convention.

Carrasco, Hidalgo, Mexico, Nov. 19.—General Carranza arrived here at noon today on horseback on his trip from Mexico City to Qeretaro and left three hours later for Huichapan, which is within a short ride of Qeretaro.

General Carranza today telegraphed General Aguilar, who is to be temporary chairman of the Constitutional convention , to postpone the opening session of the convention until November 21, by which time General Carranza would arrive at Queretaro.

EASY MARKS FOR PNEUMONIA

Special Warning to Men—Fat Business Men Easy Victims.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 19.—According to yesterday's bulletin from the State Board of Health which contains a special warning to men in particular against pneumonia, there are four classes or types of men who will be bright and shining "marks" for the pneumonia germ this winter.

The first is mentioned as the fat, busy business man of forty. He would probably be the easiest victim for the pneumonia germ for the reason he is overfed, overfat, over weight and often over worked. His functional organs, particularly his heart, have been strained for years, perhaps. He would die from pneumonia where the normal man would likely get well.

The second type embraces three in one—the heavy eater, the heavy drinker and the heavy smoker, not one of which would have scarcely a fighting chance in case of an attack with the pneumococcus germ. Their systems are surcharged with poisons, they have weakened hearts, consequently the chances are greatly against them.

The third is the city office man who rides to his work, takes no open air exercise, works late at night and whose vitality and resistance are kept so low that he is subject to colds, coughs and pneumonia in particular.

The fourth is the hard laboring man who overstrains at his work and exposes himself unduly to rough weather.

Moderation in all things prevents pneumonia while excess in most anything predisposes to it.

PROMISE TO LIVE FOR TWO WEEKS ON SCIENTIFIC DIET

Chicago, Nov. 19. — Six men and six women employees of the city health department ate their Thanksgiving dinner today and then gave their solemn words to eat nothing for two weeks but the scientific diet provided by a public economy commission. They will attempt to demonstrate the theories of the commission that the public's health as well as its purse would be improved by an intelligent diet.

John Dill Robertson, health commissioner, says he expects to feed the 12 at a trifle more than eight cents a meal, or 25 cents a day.

The squad will be given three carefully prepared meals each day and will be expected to do their regular work.

Paris, Nov. 19. — The appointment will be officialily announced tomorrow of M. Claveille as director general of transports and importations for the whole of France, whose powers will cover everything connected with traffic whether by rail, river or sea.

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OPPORTUNITY FOR SALESMEN—WE are now ready to employ a large force of salesmen to sell lighting equipment for country homes in southern territory. Unusual opportunities for liberal returns and advancement are offered for men who can qualify. Must be young, aggressive contract-closers; not prospect-getters. Experience in selling farm machinery, pianos, silos, or kindred lines, will be of advantage. Record must be clean and good. Oxweld Acetylene Company, Newark, New Jersey. Largest makers in the world of Lighting Plants for farm homes and other country building. no20-3t

FOR SALE—80 ACRES LAND IN LOVE Grove tract. Suitable for manufacturing site. Has R. R., electric and water facilities. If interested, see me and make an offer. J. D. McCarley, 208 Princess st. no19-7t

THE LADIES' AUXILIARY OF TRINITY M. E. church Lot Fund will hold a bazaar at No. 313 North Front street, Thursday and Friday, Nov. 23rd and 24th. Many fancy articles will be on sale and luncheon will be served. The public is invited. no19-3t

LEARN TO WRITE — AT HOME, DURing your spare time. Write for booklet: "Facts About Penmanship." The National School of Penmanship, Wilmington, N. C. no15-7t*

WANTED — TO CONTRACT LOGGING job about twenty thousand feet daily. We furnish the equipment, if you are able to give bond. Good price for logging. Write or wire Box 1123, Wilmington, N. C. no16-tf

FOR SALE — ONE FIVE-PASSENGER Studebaker auto. In good condition, new top and curtains, demountable rims and one extra tire. John Griffith, at Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. no16-7t*

HEMSTITCHING AND PICOT EDGE work done on short notice. All work guaranteed. Singer Sewing Machine Co., 107 Market street. no17-7t

FOR SALE—THREE MULES CHEAP. Address Independent Ice Co., Wilmington, N. C. no18-tf

FOR SALE—CORNER DICKINSON and Moore streets, vacant lots 132x330. If interested, make an offer. J. D. McCarley, 208 Princess street. no18-7t

FOR SALE—ON WOOD STREET BEtween Miller and Green, 1-2 city block, 165x165. If interested, make an offer. J. D. McCarley, 208 Princess street. no18-7t

LETTERHEAD SPECIALISTS—THAT'S us. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. Printing, Multigraphing, Typewriting, Notaries Public. oc 27-f-m-w-tf

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RENEWAL OF HEAVY GALES GREATLY DAMAGES SHIPPING

Many Steamers and Sailing Vessels Driven Ashore Off British Coast

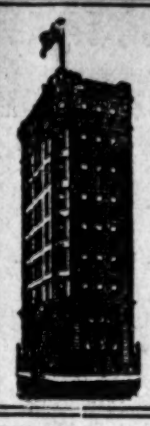
London, Nov. 19.—A renewal of the heavy gales which have visited the British coast recently caused a heavy loss to shipping Saturday and Sunday. Four large outward bound steamers were compelled to put in at Queenstown, including the Gisla, which lost her popeller. The other steamers were bodly battered, having lost boats and being otherwise damaged.

Sunday morning a large number of steamers and sailing vessels were driven ashore at different points. The British schooner Kenneth V is ashore at Clogerhead, Ireland, a total wreck. Her crew was saved. The British steamer Muriston was driven ashore and broken in two south of Blyth.

CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY.

Director of German Potato Distribution Office Arrested.

Berlin, Nov. 19, (via London).—The arrest of the director of the imperial potato distribution office, Hugo Siewrt, of Dansig, which took place here yesterday, has caused a sensation. Seiwirt, manager of a great grain company, is alleged to have conspired with various prominent persons to buy large quantities of grain and ship it to Berlin, where it was sold at exorbitant prices.



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FOR SALE—CHEAP, EASY TERMS, modern six-room dwelling, large lot, nicely located, 1900 Woolcott avenue, Carolina Place. Or will rent. D. H. Lee, 'phone 1393-J. no12-8t*

FOR SALE—SIX ROOM COTTAGE ON Walnut between 6th and 7th, 80x66. If interested, make an offer. J. D. McCarley, 208 Princess St. no18-7t

FRONT SPRINGS FOR FORD CARS for sale, $3.00 each. Ajax tires and complete line of automobile accessories. 'Phone or write. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., Wilmington, N. C. no14-10t

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WHEN YOU WANT CARPENTER OR general repair work done, see H. J. Council; 'Phone 1825. no14-7t*

FOR SALE—TWO HORSES AND TWO soft drink wagons and harness. Bear and Co., Winery. no18-7t*

FOR SALE—VACANT LOT CORNER 9th and Nixon, 165x165. If interested, make an offer. J. D. McCarley. no18-7t

EXTRA CHOICE DRESSED CHICKens, country pig pork, native and Western beef, veal and lamb, good all pork sausages, very best New River oysters, country eggs, fancy celery and lettuce, sweet potatoes, 20c peck. Batson's Meat Market. Phone No. 72. no 18-tf

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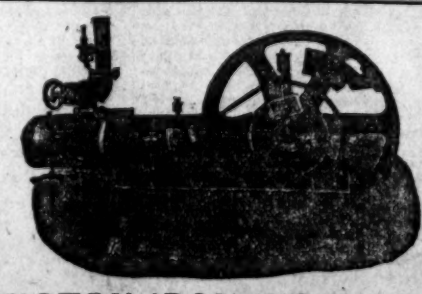

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